# A trip to the moon. Containing an account of the island of Noibla. Its inhabitants, religious and political customs, \&c. By Sir Humphrey Lunatic, bart. [pseud.] ... 

Gentleman, Francis, 1728-1784.
London, Printed for S. Crowder [etc., etc.] 1765.
http://hdl.handle.net/2027/dul1.ark:/13960/t1sf3hs5r


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 885 AERONAUTICS. - A Trip to the Moon. an Account of the Island of Noibla, its Inhabitants, Castoms, etc., by Sir Humphrey
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## TRIP to the MOON.

Containing an Account of the

## Island of NOIBLA.

Its Inhabitants, Religious and Political Customs, Ȩc.

## By Sir HUMPHREY LUNATIC, Bart.

I am but mad North Nortb-Weft; when the Wind blows Southerly I know a Hawk from a Hernßaw. Shakespear.

## V OLUME II.



THE Title of a Good Man being fuperior to all the Honours that a Monarcb can beftow; whoever is So bappy as to know bis valuable Cbowaiter, will approve the Patron to whom I recommend this Volume, and jufify me in fubmitting it to the Protection of

## TINDAL THOMPSON, Efq;

New Malton, December $\mathbf{x} 76 \mathrm{f}$.

## Fo the P U B L I C.

CIR HUMPHREY fhould think $N$ himfelf undeferving the particular Approbation beftowed upon his former Volume, by fo many able and independent Critics, not to acknowledge the Obligation; and takes the Liberty to obferve, That it is with Defign he makes his $L u$ nar Journals attend to the ufeful, rather than the miraculous.

Speedily will be publijbed,

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$$ Addreffed to SAMUEL DERRICK, E $q_{q}$; Master of the Ceremonies at Bath.

A l s o
CHARACTERS, In Three E P I S T L E S.

## A Trip to the MOON.

Prefatory Matter-Remarks on the Ufo and Abuse of Travel-Tbe Ceremony of Ba-nifbment-Strictures upon public Execu-- ions, \&c.

FELLOW-TRAVELLER, according to Promife I have again met you, in order to continue our Tour, and I doubt not but the fame Degree of good Humour, the fame Flow of Spirits, the fame commendable Curiofity on your Side, and the fame friendly Difpofition to gratify it on mine, will render our farther Progrefs both pleafant and profitable.

Before we fet off, however, let me expref my Hope that you will not prove Vol. II. A like

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like a learned and ingenious Critic upon my former Volume, who declared a general Approbation of the Matter and Conduct, were it not that he deemed the Afcent of a Mortal to the Moon impracticable: How flender muft his Faith be! How liable to Megrims, and incapable of extraordinary Elevation, his Shuttlecock Pericranium! Let Animals of this groveling Nature, who, formed meerly of Clay, without one animating Spark to lift them above the Sphere of common Attraction, drudge upon their Mother Earth; let them fneer at, or condemn, what they cannot underftand, while we, difdaining, like Alexander, to own ourfelves pent within the penurious Limits of one World, range thro' the whole Planetary Syftem: Let Men of Titles and Fortune, without Heads, purfue one fafhionable Tract, while we afpire to Climes, Speculations, and Curiofities beyond their Reach.

The

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The Advantages of Travel in this netherWorld (a Branch of Education more followed for Parade than Improvement) have been induftrioufly blazon'd by fome, while the Dangers of it have been as partially difplay'd by others. Without entering upon tedious or intricate Difquifitions, we may reafonably conclude that much valuable and ornamental Knowledge may be deriv'd from vifiting various Countries, if the different Policy and Manners of the feveral States be properly confidered, and their conftitutional or artificial Virtues and Vices impartially furvey'd.

But if Attention, as is too frequently the Cafe, childifhly plays with Trifles, or, under the Influence of Novelty, it dwells upon fuch irrational Enjoyments as flatter unruly and dangerous Paffions; if a Man only learns exceffive Drinking in Germany; low Tricking in Holland; Levity in France; dogmatical Pride in

## [ 4 ]

Spain; and lewd Intrigue in It aly, then were it better to be confined within the narrow Boundaries of one Profpect; for home-bred Follies are lefs awkward and lefs pernicious than foreign Coxcombry: On the reverfe, if, properly prepared by Study and a competent Knowledge of our native Land, we collect Military Knowledge from the Germans; OEconomy and Affiduity in Bufinefs from the Duтсн; Spirit in Converfation, and Eafe in Deportment, from the French; nothing from the Spaniards; from the Italians, a juft and delicate Tafte for Music, Painting, and Architecture, we give Nature all the Affiftance neceffary to make it fhine with confpicuous and falutary Luftre.

In our Norblan Progrefs I dare promife you there is no Danger; for if you part from me no wifer nor better than when we met, you may at leaft depend upon

## [ 5 ]

upon it that you will leave me no worfe; for it is an invariable Maxim with me to appear rather dull and ftoical, than pert at the Coft of Decency, or wife at the Expence of Virtue and Religion : However, tho' bound within fuch unfafhionable Limits, tho' I am not fo popular a Lunatic as to employ my Pen in trifling Memoirs or political Scandal, I hope to produce fuch Matter as will at leaft keep you awake, unlefs you read in Bed, which, by the Bye, I would advife you againft; and if I fhould, as becomes my Name and Family, fometimes ramble beyond the Sphere of general Comprehenfion, fear not, truft me that I fhall prove a faithful Guide, and confult your fafe Return with all imaginable Caution.

Thus agreed, Friend Reader, let us, like cordial Acquaintance, fhake Hands. Hold! you fay, not fo free with a Fellow in Malquerade, one whom neither I, A 3
nor

## [ 6 ]

nor perhaps any Body elfe knows.-He calls himfelf a Knicht, but for ought we can tell he is a Knight of the Poff.-You have faid it: Now let me fpeak, and, if it muft come to an Examination, inquire whether you know all your Acquaintance: Are none of them in Maiquerade? Are they all exactly what they appear to be? If there are Lords among them, have they all real as well as titular Honour? If $L a$ dies, are they diftinguifhed by domeitic Virtues as well as public Rank? If fo, you are a happy Mortal indeed; but let me tell you, Hearts and Tongues, Looks and Thoughts, Words and Actions, Dignity and Worth, Criticifm and Knowledge, are, for the moft Part, at Variance in this very wife and very virtuous World of ours.-Very wife and very virtuous! why not, Sir Humphrey, you'll replywhat, I fuppofe, in the common Place of Satire, you would infinuate ironically that we are much worfe than our Anceftors; that

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that all Merit muft be fought for amidft the Ruft of Antiquity, and that our Age is not only the moft ignorant, but the moft corrupt alfo; or are you fo enthufiaftically fond of your favourite Planet, your new-found World, as utterly to contemn the Inhabitants and Productions of this fublunary Sphere?

Soft, foft gentle Reader, you are rather too hafty, tho' kind, in explaining my Ideas; for I take our Age to be adorned with as much Wifdom, Virtue, and Courage as any that ever preceded it, or poffibly any that may be to come; at the fame Time you will give me Leave to fay it is blemifhed with an equal Number of Imperfections, and thofe arifing from the fame Materials, only in different Shapes, that produced fimilar Imperfections a thoufand Years ago; our Manners and Conduct, like our Cloaths, only
only change Names and Fafhions, yet are literally the fame; as to the Lunar Regions, you will hereafter find that I can look upon them with as impartial an Eye as I do upon the terreftrial ones. - But to return to my Inquiry: I have anked if you know all your Acquaintance; as I love to be free, let me extend the Queftion, and inquire whether you even know yourself ?-What, filent-no Anfwer? Why then I may reafonably fuppofe you do not as you ought-for Shame, look at. home-turn your Eyes inwards, firft examine your own Heart, then look into the Brealts of your Neighbours; and, from a comparative View of Merits or Failings, learn to value or commiferate your Fellow-Creatures, not according to their Riches or Poverty, but according to their commendable or unworthy Conduct in Life; judge of them not as Solar, Lunar, or Terreftrial Beings, but as Citi-

## [ 9 ]

zens of the Universe, whofe expanded Hearts reverence and embrace all the Works of God.

What a tedious dull Moralift, cries every falbionable Reader, is this Sir Humphrey? Probably it is fo; but, that we may be the more agreeable Company, do, good new Acquaintance, only grant me the Indulgence to think me as wife, as witty, as honeft, or, in the more popular Phrafe, as clever a Fellow as yourfelf, and ten to one but you will read with as much Pleafure as I write-thus much to Male Readers. As for the Ladies, I can only follicit their Favour and their Attention by declaring, that a bandfome Woman captivates my Eyes; that a fenfible Woman awes my Tongue; and that a good Woman (which three Characters, I dare believe, are united in you, Madam, who are now reading here) ravifhes my Heart.

Thus

Thus much we have talk'd upon Earth, and modifhly, fo far as Senfe and Fafhion can agree, having disjointed Connexion to give a Relifh of Spirit, now let the bold and rapid Wing of full-fledg'd Imagination bear us to the Noiblan Reeuecex, where, as I remember, we left the good Namredal going to his Noontide Meal; which having paffed over with the ufual Ceremony, my Ears were ftruck with flow and folemn Sounds echoing drowfily thro' the Ruvenal; when looking out I faw a confiderable Number of Perfons approach in awful and deliberate Proceffion, which was led by twelve Men in long Purple-coloured Garments, marching four and four ; then fucceeded a Band of VocalMufic, fuch as I had heard at the Salmina, who; in the folemn Paufes of a dead March, chaunted a molt affecting Hymn of Sorrow: The Emblems of Justice followed; and after them moved two Females cloathed from Head to Foot

## [ i1]

Foot in flowing Sable Robes, their Hair difhevelled and covering their Faces; two Virgins dreffed in White fupported each; then a Train of near one hundred Matrons cloathed in White, and their Heads covered with long Purple Veils, clofed the Proceffion.

This Ceremony was very ftriking; the moft profound Silence was obferved amidft the attending Crowds, except at ftated Places, when a reverend Citizen read the Crimes and Sentence of the Criminals, and thereby drew forth a general Sigh of Compaffion from the Spectators. One of the Sufferers I found to be the Englifb Countess formerly mentioned; the other unhappy Vietim remained quite fpeechlefs, as if Conviction and Penitence had feized her Faculties, and lock'd up the Powers of Speech: But her Ladyfhip retaining the ungovernable, fhamelefs Pride of Terreftrial

Quality,

Quality, every now and then exclaimed vehemently-Is tbis Ufage for a Woman of Rank and Spirit?-O bappy England, where every Tbing is fanclified by Nobility! No DiftinEtion paid bere!-Mon Dire, what a mijerable vulgar World bave I got into? - 1 bave beard of Нотtentots, and fure I am among them.

What incorrigible Affurance has that Creature, cried the Namredal, who, after attacking the very Vitals of Female Modefty and filial Piety, dares think her Sentence hard? All thefe and her future Sufferings are juftly due to the Life of unprofitable and licentious Diffipation that fhe led in her former State of Exiftence, exclufive of her infectious Maxims and Example here. The other Criminal, continues he, is fhe whom the Twins contended for; they are now, according to my Sentence, conveying to the Valley of Weeping, and this Procef-

## [ 13 ]

fion is the Ceremony ufed upon fuch Occafions; thofe Virgins who fupport the Exiles are dreffed in White, as an Emblem of their Innocence contrafted with Sable Guilt; the Wives who follow are robed in White alfo, as Daughters of Virtue, but wear Purple Veils in Token of Sorrow for the difgraceful Fate of their unhappy Sitters.

I own the very decent, rational Solemnity attending this Act of Juftice impreffed me with a melancholy Pleafure, and I could not help exclaiming to the NAMredal how much Approbation it extorted from me, when compared with the Circumftances that attend a public Punifhment in our World, where unhappy Criminals are purfued and gazed at by unfeeling Crowds, who feem more bent to gratify an inhuman Curiofity, than difpofed to commiferate the unhappy Fate of their Fellow-Creatures. Among the NoI-

Noiblans, who are happy enough to know no Crime that reaches Life, a filent, fenfible, fympathetic Concern attends fuffering Guilt; among us even the terrifying Brow of Death cannot prevent a bufy, buftling, indecent Noife; fome few, perhaps, upon fuch awful Occafions, let fall the kindly Dew-Drops of Compaffion, and breathe forth the foft Sighs of Pity, while a large Majority indulge the malevolent Spirit of Cenfure, in remarking, that if People won't do right they muft fuffer; that it is but fit Examples fhould be made, tho' not at all affured but that they themfelves, under the fame Impulfes of Paffion, imperfect Education, bad Example, Neceflities, or Temptations, all which are Misfortunes rather than Crimes, might be found capable of the fame Delinquency they are fo ready to condemn. Juftice, to maintain Property and Order, fhould undoubtedly, among every Rank, fupport her Dignity inviolate,

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late, and therefore muft let fall the Rod of impartial Chaftifement upon convicted Guilt, to terrify thofe into Obedience whon the Charms of confcious Innocence cannot keep within the Pale of Right.

The Namredal having attended to my Remarks, replied, Your Sentiments are perfectly right; when I was on Earth it gave me infinite Surprize and Concern to fee Pleafure oftener expreffied at the Miferies than at the Happinefs of Humankind; nor could I ever difcover the Rife of fo unfocial a Satisfaction, unlefs, perhaps, it may proceed from a falfe Imagination, that, while we are anatomizing and cenfuring the Characters of our Neighbours, we exhibit our own to more Advantage.

How pitiful, how impolitic a Species of Ambition, which deftroys what it feeks for, and calts an Æthiop Veil over that White-

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Whitenefs it would fet forth as clear as the unfpotted Snow? If thofe who poffefs this peftilential Spirit, more blighting than the Eaftern Blaft, would but confider the Confequence of indulging it, that the Difgrace or Ruin they meditate for others will moft infallibly retort upon themfelves, perhaps that ruling Principle, Self-Love, might create a Tendernefs, which Charity and focial Obligations recommend in vain.

How fatal have undeferved Afperfions often proved, by urging weak, innocent Perfons into a Contempt of Reputation, than which nothing can be more dangerous to moral or focial Virrue; for what we defpife we always neglect; and to give out Appearances which bear a ftrong Refemblance to Vice, is next to the actual Commiffion of it. But come, continues he, we are dwelling too long upon a Subject more grave than entertaining, what

## [ 17 ]

what think you if, by Way of Relaxation, we fhould take a general View of the City?

I gladly embraced the Propofal, and for that Purpofe attended my kind Conduetor to the Salmina Ruvenal. As we paffed along I could not but exprefs my Surprize that we met fo few People in the Streets; notwithftanding that, from the Numbers I had occafionally feen, the City appeared to be extremely populous.

Your Surprize, fays the Namredal, is natural enough, but it will foon ceafe, when you are informed that no Perfon here traverfes the Streets upon an idle or fuperfluous Occafion; the unavoidable Concerns of mutual Intercourfe alone call People forth here; no Vifiting Cabals, to diffect and pry into the Concerns of neighbouring Families; Hours of

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healthful and innocent Recreation are allowed in proper Places adjacent to the City; the ftated and well-known Bufinefs allotted for each Individual takes away thofe ridiculous Pretences for rambling and purfuing each other, which are fo induftrioully framed and propagated amongit Sublunars, to the unfpeakable Prejudice of their Minds and Circumftances. Among the Noiblans the juft OEconomy of Time is a general and leading Confideration.

## C H A P. I.

A Defcription of the City; its Several Parts and Peculiarities-A Funeral-Preparatory Circumffances-Tbe Temples of Time and Death - Rochester and Charles II. introduced.

F $\overline{\text { F }}$ IVING reached the Temple, we afcended to the Bafe of its Dome, from

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from whence a diftinct View of the City prefented itfelf, wherein I perceived the Salmina and Reeuecrx to be the tivo principal Ruvenals, each of them about half a Mile in Circumference, brahching out two Streets, of a Quirter of a Mile in Length, from each Side of the Square; Half-way in every Street appear'd a fmaller Square: The Houfes are all uniform, built of a bluifh Stone, and piazza'd with white Pillars; no upper Stories, nor are there any Windows, all Light defcending thro' flat Roofs; the Streets may be about fixty Yards wide, with two fmall Rivulets of a Yard broad in each; and in the Center of every Square is a fuperb Fountain of an Emerald-colour'd Stone, from whence thofe Rivulets receive a conflant Supply of Water. Thefe, the Namredal obferved, were not fo much for Ornament as Ufe; by Means of thofe fmall Streams, fays he, the Streets are eafily cleanfed from any noxious Matter B 2

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that might grow offenfive, or taint the Air; and upon an Accident of Fire, which however rarely happens, fo immediate and plentiful a Supply of its oppo-fite-Element enables us to reftrain the Mifchief, and put a timely Stop to it. Every Houfe has exactly the fame Portion of Ground allotted to it for Gardening. The Magistrate, affifted by twentyfour Citizens, determines regularly at the Seafon what every Family muft plant or fow for the general Stock; and fixes both the Quantity to be furnifhed, and the Time when it is to be brought in.

This Inftitution may appear both fingular and partial, fince fome Subjects of Labour require more Affiduity, and are attended with much more Trouble and Fatigue than others: In fuch Cafes an equivalent Advantage is allowed; but to defcend into Particulars would be too tedious, and muft divert your Attention from what

## [ 21 ]

what you will find more agreeable: Come, let us afcend higher, that you may not only command a better Profpect of the City, but alfo of the adjoining Territory. We afcended, and a moft enchanting Profpect open'd on my View ; extenfive Lawns, beautified with vernal Smiles, and interfected by the flow ftately Windings of a majeftic River; fkirting Woods in different Forms and Situations, and terminating Hills, delightfully irregular, entertain'd the Eye with an inimitable Scene of rural Elegance and Pleafure. What you now behold, fays the Namredal, is a Miniature Sketch of the whole Inland, juft as we of Nodnol are, a fmall Sample of the Inhabitants, except thofe of Neroma and Omyrchal, both which deferve a particular Defcription; but I intend you fhall fee them.

Having fufficiently contemplated the Beauties that furrounded us, we defcendB 3

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ed, and I afked my Conductor whether the Climate of Norbla was fteady as well as ferene, or whether it admitted fuch frequent and violent Changes as certain Seafons produce among us: No, replied he, the Elements here are an Emblem of that Tranquillity which prevails among the Inhabitants; we have no greater Alteration than what you have feen; no Tempefts ever whirl their Devaftation here; we have no Thunder to alarm us; no Lightning to blaft us; no Floods of Rain to fiweep away the Fruits of the Earth : We know nothing of the Severities either of Cold or Heat; temperate Breezes cool and purify the Air, refrefhing Dews moiften and fertilize the Soil, and we have all the Bleflings of a perpetual Spring: Whatever Induftry can procure, whatever Prudence would purfue, or Contentment can fupply, is found in this mild and happy Region, where the natu-ral-born Noiblans ufually enjoy about a hundred

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hundred Years of Life, free from all internal and external Pain, unlefs they bring it on themfelves by fome Inadvertence of their own. As to thofe who have been tranflated here from Earth, their Duration is uncertain-while they remain they appear in the fame matured Form they wore in the sublunary World, without any perceptible Increafe of Years or Decline of Conftitution. Now that we have touched, continued he, upon Mortality, it may prove a ufeful Gratification of your Curiofity to fee a Funeral according to the Manner of this Island, and the Circumftances preparatory to it, which, I dare believe, will appear fomewhat extraordinary to you.

Having acknowledged that nothing could be more worthy of my Attention, we proceeded to a Houfe from whence iffued loud Sounds of Mufic and triumphant Chorufes of Joy; many Perfons dreffed

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dreffed in gay or rather antic Habits, and crowned with Garlands, flood before the Entrance, difplaying magnificent Banners, ornamented with Variety of Hieroglyphics.

Behold, fays my Guide, the Manfion of Death. Perceiving me to be furprized at the Appearance of fuch Feftivity, he told me it was intended as a Compliment to the dying Perfon, who is fuppofed thereby to have Spirits infufed, to bear up againft the Weaknefs of Nature, and to render the Satisfaction of being fo near his Removal to a better State of Exiftence more fenfible. This Point being cleared up, I yet remained under another Difficulty; I could not account for it that a Number of People fhould be affembled to attend the Funeral of a Perfon not yet dead; however, the Namredal informed me that an Hour would clear up the whole Matter; for, fays

## [ 25 ]

fays he, the final Experiment has been made, and the old Man, tho' not quite dead, is moft certainly not far from breathing his laft.

I here afked what was meant by the final Experiment, and was inftructed, that when, from Age and Weaknefs, any Perfon is fuppofed to be upon his DeathBed, one of the Garden-Birds is brought into the Room; if it tamely flies towards him, Death is not near; but if it flutters about with Noife and Screaming, then his End is inevitably at Hand.

I was by this Time conducted into a Chamber, where I faw the Victim half fet, half laid on a rich Couch under an elegant Canopy, with the Muficians ranged on each Side of him: Soon after our Entrance the feftive Strains we had heard were gradually lull'd into Silence, when a young Man of noble Deportment, proftrating
ftrating himfelf before the dying Perfon, fpoke as follows :
" Tender and benevolent Parent, kind and faithful Guardian of our younger Years, let not this unavoidable Separation from the immediate Society of your Children and Friends, totally deprive us of your paternal Care and Affection; when thy Spirit fhakes off its material Fetters, Oh condefcend to fupervife our Conduct, and to direct our Courfe; whifper into our Minds whatever may be needful to a blameless Exiftence here; pour the Balm of temperate Defire and calm Contentment into our Souls; be thou the kind Conveyance of the Bleffings that are allotted for us by our Universal Father, and when we ftand upon the Verge of Time, bring us fome Beams of heavenly Radiance to cheer our Way, and to light us thro' the gloomy Vale of Death."

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This Addrefs was received with a Countenance full of the fincereft Refpect and the tendereft Affection, which immediately broke forth in the following Reply:
"Son of my Care, and you other Children of my deareft Love, doubt not the Influence and Protection of my fympathizing Spirit ; the Pinions of the Morn fhall bear me to affift you, and even on the fable Wing of Night I'll hover to protect you: Yet place not too much Confidence in fupernatural Affiftance, exert your own Faculties to the moft worthy Purpofes, fo fhall my Guardian Care be the more effectual, and your Heavenly Father will be more difpofed to grant me the Power of protecting and of blefling you."

This I found was a Cuftom among the Noiblans, arifing from a traditional Opinion,

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Opinion, that the Spirits of departed Perfons are invefted with the Superintendance of their furviving Friends, and that, without fuch Guardians, the immaterial Agents of Vice and Confufion would deftroy all Virtue and focial Order.

Soon after this Piece of Religious Ceremony, the old expiring Noiblan demanded of the Namredal who I was; when, being told that I came from the Sublunar World, he feemed much pleafed, as fuppofing me to have undergone fomewhat fimilar to that great Change which he himfelf was about to experience; however, being fet right in this Point, I was moved, by his hofpitable Reception, to offer Condolance on his approaching Diffolution, after the Manner ufual with us upon fuch Occafions.
"What, replied he, viewing me with an Eye of ftern Regard, have I ever done to provoke

## [ 29 ]

provoke thy Ill-will, that thou fhouldft mourn, like an Enemy, at the mott fortunate Period of my Life, my fecond and more glorious Birth? Nature, thou feeft, haft accomplifhed her End, and is now brought to the laft Ebb: Time has dried up the Springs of Action, and I have nought remaining of my former Self, but a Remembrance of the Faculties I once poffeffed; which, like the Breath I have drawn, are faded into nothing; and canft thou, unprovok'd, wifh me to totter about longer, wearifome to myfelf, and burthenfome to others? I have heard, Son of Earth, that the Monfer Envy is very prevalent in thy World; does it reach even to the Border of the Grave, and extend fo far as to deny the weary, worn-out Traveller his hard-earn'd Reft?"
" Venerable Sir, I replied, Death is a Confummation, which, tho' effential to Nature, and common to all, every Man,
wifhes
wifhes to his Neighbour before himfelf; a Period the Aged fhun, and tremble at as much as Youth; however temporal Poffeffions may be coveted, this deffrable Change is induftrioully avoided by all; the Pride of Beauty, Riches, Fatne, and Grandeur, fhrinks before it; and the Impreffion it makes is fo awful, that Survivors, not content to vent their Grief in the natural Expreffion of it, carry the Semblance of their inward Sorrow for their departed Friends even in their Drefs and whole outward Appearance."
"OhFools! Fools! Fools! returned he, if they are fo afraid to die, how comes it they are not afraid to live, one being as unavoidable as the other, and the natural Confequence of it? Far hence be removed fuch irrational Timidity; while I at this bliffful Moment, with you my Children, Fellow Citizens and Friends, who muft all in due Time experience the fame

## [ $3^{1}$ ]

fame eligible Separation, rejoice that I have been placed in a World whofe Inhabitants live with Contentment and die with Compofure; where, without yielding to the unprofitable Weaknefs of childifh Grief, we take Leave of the Departing as fetting out upon a pleafant Journey; where we lie down in the cold Arms of Death with as much Tranquillity as in the nightly Repofe of Nature; lie down! nay, meet with Joy our kind Reliever; where that felf-tormenting Raven, a guilty Confcience, never preys upon the Heart, nor croaks Defpair unto the Dying:-But hold, my impatient Spirit fprings forward towards Libertythro' thefe failing Eyes I fee the Nalsina, attended by my venerable Anceftors, approach ; his heavenly Voice charms my Ear-and lo-he fpreads the fnowy Wings of Mercy to bear me from Imperfection and Infirmity to immortal Blifs."

Here,

## [ $3^{2}$ ]

Here, fainting in a Kind of enthufiaftic Extacy, the attending Avozen proceeded immediately to a ftrange, and, in my Sight, inhuman Operation, no other than that of feparating the old Man's Head from his Body. The fmall Quantity of Blood which iffued, was carefully receiv'd by his eldeft Son into a Chryftal Recepracle.

After this the Corpfe, having undergone a very ceremonious Ablution, and being furnifhed with an artificial Head, fo nicely formed and judicioully colour'd, as hardly to be diftinguifhed from the natural one, was arrayed in moft magnificent Attire, and, being feated in a Triumphal Carriage, was conducted, with great Pomp and Joy, to the Nesova Rennam, the Field of Death, about two Miles from the City, a Place of much rural Beauty, near four Miles in Circumference, fenced by a large Dyke ten Yards wide,

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wide, and ornamented by two elegant Buildings placed on oppofite Hills at the Extremities of a Grove, awfully delightful; one of thofe Edifices is a Temple dedicated to Time, called, in Noibla, Rinmethol, the Accomplisher; the other to Death, ftiled Lardethac, the Deliverer.

At our Entrance into the Field, the Corpfe was met by fome Priests belonging to the Temple of Time, and conducted thither by them; where, being placed before a large Statue of a human Figure, thick fet with Wings, and wearing a magnificent Crown, all who attended the Funeral proftrated themfelves, while the Almazet fpoke as follows:
"Behold, Oh great Accomplisher, at thy Shrine, the perifhable Part of a deceas'd Brother, who, during the Exiftence of this material Body, profeffed himfelf
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thy faithful Servant, nor ever vainly lavifhed any of the Moments appointed for moral or focial Purpofes ; by us, his Survivors, he follicits that honourable Stamp of Approbation upon his Memory, which may encourage his Pofterity perfeveringly to imitate his commendable Application; pronounce him a worthy Sacrifice made to thee by the Great Deliverer, and fill our Hearts with Joy."

Here, as I prefume, by a Kind of mechanical Influence, the Statue three Times flapp'd all its Wings, and thrice utter'd a Sound refembling that of a deep howling Wind; upon which the.Children and Relations of the Deceas'd fung a fhort Hymn of Rejoicing, and then moved in a moft extravagantly antic Form of Dancing, which done, we paffed on to the other Temple; at one End appeared a Skeleton of enormous Size, feated on a Throne, with the Emblem of

Power

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Power, proftrate, fupporting one Foot, and that of Grandeur the other.

At the Foot of the Throne was an Altar with Fire upon it, into which the Head and Blood of the deceas'd Perfon were thrown: I afked the Reafon of thic, and was told that the Noiblans believed Fire to be the parental Element, and Origin of all created Matter; that they fuppofed the Spirit, during its temporal Exiftence, to refide in the Parts that were now devoted to the holy Flames; which, as they feparated and purified it from the groffer Particles with which it was connected, were deemed the propereft Conveyance to an undefiled State of Immortality.

After this, and a few fhort Thankfgivings, the Body was let down into 2 round Hole, three Feet Diameter and twelve or fourteen deep. A Hymn con-

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cluded the whole Ceremony; when, according to Cuftom, the artificial Head was, by the eldeft Son, conveyed home with much Care and Reverence; fuch Memorials, or Semblances of the Dead, being held in high Veneration.

On our Return I afked the Namredal if any other Ufe was made of the Temple of Time; to which he replied, that a Leeture on the CEconomy of that moft ufeful and elufive Appendage of Mortality, was delivered there once a Month; when the Inhabitants of one $\mathrm{SE}_{\mathrm{E}}$ nirat, or Ward, that is a twelfth Part of the City, are obliged to attend; and if any have, fince a former Meeting, knowingly omitted any Duty, or an Opportunity of doing Good, fuch Perfons are obliged to make an open Acknowledgement of their Failure, with a folemn Promife that their Offence fhall not be repeated under fevere Penalties, which in fuch Cafes certainly take Place.

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In this Point there never was an Inftance known of Mifreprefentation; which is not only owing to a general Deteftation of Falhood, but alfo to the Belief that Time is an abfolute Agent, capable of Perception; and that the Figure which reprefents it in the Temple, would by its Influence be animated to point out Deceit. A Notion however extravagant, like Prieftcraft, not without Ufe.

You will poffibly be furprized, continues he, to hear that the Almezat, or Father of the Temple, is no other than the famous John Earl of Rochester. That Station being vacant fome fhort Time after his Tranflation hither, feveral Candidates appear'd for it; among the reft Epfetetus, who feemed to command moft Approbation, as having, even in a toilfome and fervile State of Dependence, fcrupuloufly appropriated his few Hours of Leifure, or rather of needful

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## [ $3^{8}$ ]

Reft, to the moft commendable Purfuits, thofe of Virtue and Knowledge: His Claim, modeftly preferred and fenfibly fupported, was on the Point of taking Place, when the prefent Poffeffor appeared an unexpected Candidate, and addreffed our Citizens to the following Purpofe:
"Encouraged-Oh Noiblans-by Candor and Impartiality, thofe lovely Characteriftics of this happy Island, I prefent myfelf before you; not as prefuming upon fuperior Abilities, but from a Defire of extenuating, by Strictnefs and Affiduity, the Errors of my former Exiftence.
" Here let me own - with Shame let me own, that, while on Earth, I had ample Means and frequent Opportunities to confer Happinefs on others, and Honour on myfelf; I had Fortune to command
every

## [ 39 ]

every Thing defirable but Content; Genius to furnifh Improvement and De light; with Realon to correct my Paffions, and hereditary Honours to enforce Refpect ; -yet, alas! to what did I convert thefe fignal Advantages? My Abundance ferved only as a Float to bear me down the rapid and dangerous Stream of Pleafure; my Genius, like an alluring poifon-pregnant Flower, difplayed its Beauties only to infect thofe who admir'd it; my Reafon poorly turned a Pandar to my Vices; and debafed Nobility funk me into Pity, or Contempt, with all the Senfible and Judicious.
"Such, SAGeCitizens, was your Suppliant, till a providential Vifitation called his Senfes to their juft Order, and fhowed in a true, but agonizing, Light, the perilous Path he had trod. Full of that powerful Conviction, even now with the dark and terrifying Retrofpect ever in my View,

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View, my Feelings of the Mifapplication of Time muft be ftronger, and my Senfe of the lamentable Confequences of it more forcible than theirs, whom Prudence and natural Inclinations have made EEconomitts of Time; if any Objection fhould arife from my Youth, fince I have fcarce paffed the Meridian of terreftrial Exitence, let it be noted that tho' I did with great Rapidity run thro' an Age of vicious Difipation, yet I have fince moft painfully experienced a long and bitter Age of Repentance; and Experience, not Years, teaches Wisdom. For the reft, I fhall gladly fubmit to your Determination, with one fhort Remark for my Conclufion, That comparative Knowledge and eftablifh'd Penitence, are rather more to be relied on, than philofophical Speculation and yet untainted Virtue." This Addrefs feemed to have confide-
rable Influence; yet I believe it would not
have

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have prevailed but for the voluntary, modeft Refignation of Epictetus in his Favour. He has fince gained great Credit in his Station ; on all Occafions he difplays the moft eminent Ability; one Inftance out of many I fhall give you.

When Charles the Second of EngLAND refigned his terreftrial Crown, he. brought with him a full Flow of his former Spirits and Inclinations; which, for fome Space, ran him into Difficulties and Difgrace: Upon his firt Examination at the Salmina Rinmethol, his Account of himfelf appeared moft trifling and unfatisfactory; however, being fortified with a Confidence ufually attending fuch Characters, and recognizing his former gay, diffolute Companion and Subject, he fhook off all Concern, and addreffed himfelf to the Almezat, with a fprightly Negligence, to the following Effect:


## [ 42 ]

"Who, in the Name of common Senfe, Jack Rochester, would have thought to find you in fuch a Character? What, make a Prieft of one who hated Priefts as much as I did! and fet bim up to preach of Time, who never thought of any but the Time prefent! a mighty odd World we have got into this, where a Man muft tell all he does; nay, not only Man, but Woman alfo. Heavens! my Friend, what would fuch an Inftitution have done upon Earth when we were there? What a gloomy Cloud would it have caft over the Sunihine of Wit and Gallantry, in which bright Region I was myfelf the leading Star? But why need I repeat what muft fo ftrongly dwell upon your Recollection; be it enough to fay, that having you, my Friend, for a Judge, I muft ftand acquitted of all Error, in regard of fome little amorous Sallies, and fome other Steps towards Politenefs; fince a Perfon of the high Rank I held, cannot in Reafon

## [ 43 ]

fon be expected to enter into fo low and mechanical a Difpofition of Hours as the vulgar Cuftoms of this unpolifh'd Island feem to enjoin."
"How ftrange-Oh Charles-replied the Almezat, have been thy Notions, how irregular thy Practices? Not the immediate Hand of Heaven vifiting thy unfortunate Father in Blood; not feveral imminent Dangers and Hair-breadth Efcapes of thy own Perfon; not Obfcurity, Exile, nor the fevereft Rod of Adverfity, could teach thee to make a commendable Ufe of that Power to which thou waft fo providentially reftored: Placed in the confpicuous and nippery Station of political Parent to a brave, free People, what engroffed thy Attention? Didit thou felect, not regarding Men but their Capacities, able and faithful Counfellors? No-thy Minifters were, in general, a Set of Knaves or Fools; weak,

## [ 44 ]

or wicked Tools themfelves, who made a Tool of thee. Didft thou plan patriot Schemes, or patronize them? No-all thy Schemes and Devices were to obtain Sums fufficient for the Support of Prodigality and Paffions, not only below a King, but even below the meaneft Rank of human Nature. Waft thou a commendable Example in domeftic Life ? No-thy numerous Concubines, thofe Leeches of the State, to countenance their own fplendid Infamy, turned Modefty out of Doors, and rendered Vice fafhionable. From thefe, and fimilar Circumftances, thy Term of Government becamie a Scene of Perturbation at home, and Contempt abroad. A Tide of Infection flowed from thy Court to corrupt the Manners of thy People; bloated Debouch ftalked uncontrouled and blumlefs in the broad Eye of Day, while Religion and Virtue retir'd defponding in unfrequented Shades. An unhappy Profelyte to thee, how,

## [ 45 ]

how, alas! did I abufe my Station and Nature? Actuated by a polite Delirium, I made Time a Slave to Irregularity; but muft Folly triumph ever? Will not Change of Exittence work a Change in thee? Hence, and know that, till thou haft renounced thy former Self, I fhall difclaim all Knowledge of thee; and, as Father of this Temple, if at the next Examination thou art not better prepared, if thou doft not learn and practife thofe Golden Precepts, to know and rule Thyfelf, I fhall fentence thee to a Punifhment fuited to fuch irrational Obftinacy."

This fevere, yet juft Reproof, which met with general Applaufe from the Norblans, feemed to have no other Effect upon Charles than to raife fome Sneers of Ridicule; for which, and his obftinate Perfeverance in his Irregularities, he was fentenced to the Office he now fills, of Ranever, or Verger in the Temple.

## [ 46 ]

Here I could not avoid expreffing a warm Approbation of the Inititution the Namredal had been explaining-Oh that fuch a Temple and fuch a periodical Examination, exclaimed I, were eftablifhed on Earth, then would not Scandal find Leifure to prey, Vulture-like, upon defencelefs Characters, nor Gaming Opportunities to faften its unrelenting Talons upon the Vitals of fuffering Families; Indolence and Procraftination would be roufed from their Letbean Slumbers; Fraud and Envy would be chained in their unhallowed Cells; Opprefion's Iron Hand would be unnerved; Skame and Guilt would hide themfelves in the thick Gloom of Night ; while the rofe-lipp'd Cherub Innocence fmiled Peace upon the World.

Thefe and fuch-like Obfervations employed us till we reached the Namredal's Houfe; at the ufual Hour we retired to our feveral Chambers. This

Night

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Night again Reflection preceded, and for fome Time prevented Slumber; however, I became fuddenly fo naturalized to my new Refidence, that I could almoft have given up all Defire of re-vifiting the Earth, which had ever appeared to me in the Light of a perilous Seat of Perturbation, imperfect Enjoyments, and multiplying Cares; but much more fo when I now compared it with the mild, unruffled Region 1 had reached: However, when I confidered this unvarying State of Exiftence, Ifound it very ill calculated for the active Spirit of a Sublunar, and determined within myfelf, that Tranquillity among the Noiblans was little more than mental Indolence; that their Philofophy confifted in a total, and therefore prejudicial, Suppreffion of the Paffions, which are the fole Springs of Action in the Soul; and that their Virtue confifted not fo much in refifting, as in preventing Temptation. With thefe Sen-

## [ 48 ]

timents came the drowfy Power that knits up the ravelled Sleeve of Care, and lock'd up my Senfes in Repofe; Reader, if you be thus difpofed yourfelf; if, from Wearinefs of Spirits, or the Tedioufnefs of this Narration, he has touched thy Eyelids with his Leaden Wand; or if, for any other Reafon, thou may'f be inclined to paufe, I fhall gratify thee with a convenient Opportunity by concluding the Chapter.

## C H A P. II.

Some Account of the Noiblan Opinion concerning Dreams, Spirit, Matter, \&cc. carried to the Toirtazan of the Sublunars-Heliogabalus, The. Cibber, James I. Joe Miller, and many other remarkable Cbarailers exbibited.
A T Breakfaft, next Morning, the Namredal inquired concerning my Reft, and being informed that vifionary

## [49]

fionary, romantic Dreams had fomewhat difturbed me; then, fays he, your Spirit, according to the Opinion of Noibla, has taken Flight on the Wing of occafional Liberty. Requefting to be a little better informed of this Notion, he proceeded thus:
" You muft know that the Soul of Man is here believed to be an Emanation of Divinity; that tho' it acts in Conjunction with the Body, yet it is totally independent of it ; that it is immortal and unceafing in its Operations; fo fubtle of EfFence, as to elude the Power of human Perception or Defcription; that, like the Sun-Beams, it pervades and enlightens. furrounding Matter: The Body is confifidered as a beautiful harmonious Piece of Mechanifm, miraculoufly compofed of grofs Materials, and utterly ferifhable in its Nature ; that it is but a paffive Ma-
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chine, calculated for the Reception and Influence of thofe amazing Faculties which are annexed to human Ntaure; and that all Senfation abfolutely refides in the Spirit, not the Limbs of Man.
"This Opinion they defend by remarking, that tho' the Body of a deceas'd Perfon retains materially the fame external Appearance, no Impreffion can give it either Pleafure or Pain; that tho', from particular Accidents, as a Wound or Fracture, the corporal Parts feem to caufe difagreeable or tormenting Ideas, yet the original Senfation is in the Mind, which becomes difturbed and agitated according to the Degree of Violence offered to its Refidence, or any Part thereof.Many Circumfances, which wound the Mind, leave the Limbs unhurt; but there is no Impreffion, external or internal, which does not.affect the Spirit.

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"Poffeffed by thefe Notions, they believe Sleep to be an unavoidable and neceffary Relaxation for the perifhable Parts; but deny the Spirit to have any the leaft Share in that death-like Semblance; and affirm that, while the Body continues in this Condition, the Soul, enlarged from its mortal Incumbrance, flies abroad upon the Wings of Thought, encountering, viewing, and difcuffing various Points as at other Seafons. This unconnected State of Action is called Renmulzaba, or Dreaming; and Dreams, fay they, are fometimes recollected and fometimes blotted from the Table of Memory, according to the fympathetic Impreflions they make. As to any prognofticative Inferences deriv'd from thefe Extravaganzas of the Soul, they are held in utter Contempt, except by fome credulous Sublunars, who, having dreamed away their former State of Exiftence, chufe to flick by their favourite Notions,
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and

## [ $5^{2}$ ]

and derive from Shadows, imaginary Bleffings or Misfortunes.
" Obferve, continues he, that in making you acquainted with the Noiblans, I do not at all mean to impofe their Manners and Opinions in general upon you; they are only candidly fubmitted to your own Choice and Determination, to be communicated by you with the fame Freedom on Earth, fhould they feem either ufeful or entertaining."

I thanked my kind Inftructor, and replied, That his Condefcenfion was more than I could expect; that I had yet perceived nothing of evil Tendency; and that I fhould have been particularly glad to enter into a more enlarged Difquifition of the Connexion fubfifting between $S p i-$ rit, or EJjence, and Matter; but that fo much had been already faid without any tolerable Illuftration of the Subject, unmeaning

## [ 53 ]

meaning Diftinctions, and indeterminate Refinements, had been fo voluminoufly multiplied, all ending in a Chaos of Metaphyfical Confufion, that I would not attempt to prolong Difcourfe upon a Theme fo inextricable, and perhaps, if clearly unravelled, profitlefs.
"I am perfectly of your Opinion, fays the Namredal; there is a great and fufficient Variety of ufeful, comprehenfible Speculations to employ the Mind; who then, uncompelled by Madnefs, would wander in the Perils of Darknefs, when he might have the Safe-Conduct of Light; or truft himfelf to the Horrors of tempeftuous Seas and faithlefs Shores without a Compafs, when fo certain a Guide as Relicion lies within his Power? But a Truce with this fententious Matter: You have had fince your Arrival in the Island very little but Subjects of grave Reflection, it may not be amifs to offer you fome D 3 Scenes

## [ 54 ]

Stenes of a fprightlier, tho' not lefs ufeful, Nature, for this Purpofe I'll introduce you to a Toirtazan, or weekly Meeting, with which all the Sublunars in NodnoL are indulged; and, as no naturalborn Noiblan is admitted, they may talk of what Subject, and with what Freedom, they pleafe. In this, as in all terreftrial mix'd Societies, you will perceive an odd, incongruous Medley of good Senfe, Pertnefs, Contradiction, Vanity, Envy, Emulation, and Abfurdity."

Being conducted to the Aresma, or Hall of the Sublunars, the NamreDAL, for the Convenience of hearing and feeing unperceived, led me into a private Gallery, where I was confiderably ftruck, not only with the real Dignity which appeared in many Characters, but that extraordinary Variety which ran thro' the whole; a Variety of which nothing can. give fo juft an Idea of as our Mafquerades

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rades ; the Revolutions of Fafhion in feveral Climes and Ages were here difplayed at large; fome fweeping with long Robes, like Peacocks in their Pride; others fkipping in fhort Doublets, like trimn'd Figbting-Cocks; fome with cropp'd Hair, others with voluminous Wigs; fome with whifking Beards, others with fmooth Chins. Among the Females, of whom there appear'da confiderableNumber, the Diftinctions of Drefs appear'd more numerous and fantattical than thofe of the Men. The Hour of Converfation not being come, I filled up the Time, after taking a frrict Review of the Figures, with inquiring of the Namredal after fome Particulars that ftruck me, and had my Curiofity thus gratified:
" That Perfon, fays he, who fits among the Men, though dreffed in Women's Cloaths, is our First Charles, who bears the Difgrace of thofe Female Garments,

## [ $5^{6}$ ]

ments, for having tamely given up the Prerogatives both of King and Man to the fhallow and pernicious Influence of his Queen: A Piece of Weaknefs which multiplied his Cares while alive, ftained his Fame when tranflated from Earth, and now fubjects him to the Ridicule of all his Brother Monarchs here. The Figure next to him, on his Right Hand, is that very odd Mixture of a Man, his Father, who is condemn ${ }^{\circ}$ d to wear the Habit of a Jack Pudding, with the Figure of a Witch on a Broom hung round his Neck, in Difgrace of his defcending fo far beneath the Royal Character, as to countenance low Jefting, mean Quibbles, infignificant Puns, and the moft inconfiftent Notions of Witchcraft: That gravelooking Woman on the oppofite Side"here a Signal being given for opening the Affembly, my Inftructor was interrupted by a Debate between Heliogabalus, the Roman Emperor, and Theophi-

## [ 57 ]

lus Cibber, the English Comedian, both of luxurious Memory.

The latter of thefe two moft valuable Perfonages, adjufting himfelf with a true Lord Foppington Air, and all that frothy Pertnefs which fo remarkably diftinguifhed him on Earth, addreffed the voracious Monarch in Manner following:
" It is odd, very odd, my dear Sir, that, notwithftanding the Tendre I have always had for you, we can never be intimately acquainted; it was ever my Rule to like an honeft Fellow, fplit me; befides, you know, my dear Sir, whatever we were in the other World, we are all upon a Footing here; and though, entre nous, I hate this Place as much as you can do, I fhall enter into a Comparifon of our former State of Exiftence.-To begin then: In Rome, for a fhort Time, you played the Part of a real Emperor, hated by

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Millions; in England I have often exhibited a mimic one, loved by all but my Creditors.-You admired fine Cloaths, fo did I-good Eating, fo did Ihandfome Wenches, ftap my Vitals, fo did I-You was thrown into the Tiber by the Prettorian Band, I into the Sea by a Storm, and here, at length, we have met in flatu quo-thcre's a fair Paralle!, fplit me."-"A Parallel! replies the Imperial Cormorant, with a Sneer of Contempt; what, a Tinfel Mimic, a paltry Shadow, compare himfelf with $\mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{E}}$ liogabalus, whofe Magnificence and Taite ftretched both Art and Nature to their utmoft Bent! Poor, vulgar Reptile, formed but of common Clay, haft thou not heard of my Purple Robes adorned with Gems? my Arabian Balms, my Golden Veffels, my Rooms ftrewed with Saffron; fix hundred Oftriches at a Supper; the Tongues of Peacocks, Singing-Birds, and innumerable other fumptuous Ar ticles

## [ 59 ]

ticles, to the Amount of more in one Meal than fuftained the whole Expence of thy paltry Life from Beginning to End; and, after this, dareft thou prefume to mate with me, vile Plebeian ?"
"Hold, hold, replies the Son of THEspis, if we muft come to a clofe Comparifon, pray, who did moft according to our Capacities? We had both the fame Game in View; who moft warmly purfued the Chace? You, my dear Sir, had the whole Roman Empire to live on, I my Wits alone-You never wore Cloaths twice, I could not change fo often, yet fome Englifb Taylors found me ready enough that Way - You had no Bailiffs to fear, I often felt their griping Paws, yet ftill kept on my Courfe, and obey'd Fafhion as critically as any of my Contemporaries; nor did I fall fhort in the delicate Science of refined Eating, witnefs, Oh glorious Remembrance! the many

## [ 60 ]

Turtles I have helped to demolifh; the Hauncbes of Venijon, Weftpbalia Hams confuma, Beef Marinate, Mutton a la Mercorance, Lamb a la Conte, Tongues Efpagnole, Pullets a la Rayale, Cbickens a la Reine, Ortolans, Mufbrooms au Blanc, Cardons a la Bejamel, Blomanges, Marbrays, \&xc. \&xc. \&c." During this Rhapfody of Dainties I could perceive the Difputants alternately lick theirLips with much Eagernefs; for the Roman, tho' he knew not the frencbified Viands mentioned, yet, like Boniface in regard of Latin, he thought they muft be good by the Sound, from whence a friendly Sympathy touched his Breaft; and, upon the Histrionic Hero's adding, as a conclufive Proof of his own fpirited Appetite, Generated for adelandd University of ichigan on $21-8$
Public Domain http www.hathitrust.org access use pd that once, not having a fingle Shilling in his Pocket, he went into a Coffee-Houfe, pufh'd a bold Front, there with fome Difficulty borrowed a Guinea, and immediately laid the whole out upon a Pint of green:

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green Peas, a Duck, and a Bottle of Claret. Heliogabalus warmly embraced him, declared future Friendfhip, and promifed that, if any Change fhould make him an Emperor again, Theophilus fhould certainly be appointed Prime Minister : But this Poft, from a Knowledge of it in England, the new Favourite declined, and propofed himfelf for the more peaceable Employ of Steward of the Houshold, having, as he faid, more Liking to Cooks than Politicians, and was accordingly nominated to that moft noble Poft.

Here a thin, cogitative Figure rifing up, faid, That if Philofophy could at any Time give up Patience, it muft be to hear fuch irrational and infignificant Contentions; behold a Couple of Creatures, cries he, in the human Form, taking all imaginable Pains to render one another contemptible; nay, warmly emulating each

## [ 62 ]

each other in the Race of Infamy: One glories in guzzling the Revenues of an Empire that was curfed with his Sway, the other boafts of fwallowing whole Families of honeft Tradefmen, who were credulous enough to truft him. Wretched Infatuation, to take that for Merit which Reafon totally condemns; Reafon, which points out Moderation and Competence as the Summum Bonum of Life, juftly towering above the tranfitory Grandeur and fuperfluous Luxuriance of the nether World; which, ripened into Wifdom, confiders no Treafure as of equal Value with the Riches of the Mind, and declares that every Man poffefes ample Means of Happinefs within himfelf.

Here a jovial Figure, blooming with focial Eafe and Pleafantry of Countenance, feated at fome Diftance, interrupted the Moralift, crying out, "Who tries Patience now, Mafter Seneca? Are not

## [ 63 ]

you a pretty Fellow, of all Men, to talk at this Rate? I won't contradict your Principles in general, becaufe I begin to think fomething that Way myfelf; but, Compliments apart, why fhould you be fo fevere? Of the two, an Eating Fool is more pardonable than an Hypocritical Knave; the firt fhews himfelf, and meets double Punifhment, hurting bath Conftitution and Character; the latter, like a gilded Snake, carries Poifon under an alluring Appearance: Thofe Perfons you fo feverely tax have Strength of Paffion and Weaknefs of Judgment to plead in their Excufe; while you, well knowing what was right, wrote indeed according to that Knowledge, yet acted upon Principles diametrically oppofite: You recommended Competence and Moderation, with Plaufibility and Zeal; yet, with the Spirit of an Ufurer, you accumulated the moft enormous Sums. Who raifed more fumptuous $V$ illas than the humble

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humble Seneca? Who lent out Money upon more exorbitant Intereft than this very Moralift? Who, tofeed the devouring Jaws of Avarice, ever bred fuch a Plague for the human Race as you did in your PupilNero? Vicious as that Monfter might have been by Nature, honefter Inftruction would have made him much better; however the Temper, which your Thirft of Gain and Fear of lofing Favour caufed you to indulge in him, at length grew outrageous, and, like an ill-tam'd wild Beaft, fell on its Keeper, emptying your Bags of their Money, and your Veins too of their Blood. - That fuch may be the Fate of every fycophantic Preceptor of Royalty, who, to ingratiate or aggrandize himfelf, facrifices the future Happinefs of a Na tion, is the fanguine Wifh of Epicurus."

At this Period the antic Monarch James rofe up, and expreffed himfelf thus: "Well, well, Mafter Philo.opher,

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fay what you like, CEconomy is a very good Thing; not becaule the Word is of Greek Derivation, but becaufe $A$ Penny faved is a Penny gained. Though I know this Proverb can't found well to fuch a Ventriculator, a Belly-Man and WineBibber, from the Latin Verb bibo, to drink, as you were; now, that you may give the greater Credit to what I fay, you muft know when I was King of Great-Britain-(a Name of my own Invention for Scotland and England) they ufed to fay I was a wife one-a lecond So-Lomos-tho' I am told, when they could no longer get any Thing by me, they changed their Tune-for among them, as the Proverb fays - No longer pipe, no longer dance.-But I fuppofe the Reafon of their finding Fault is, becaufe I was too good a Chrittian to quarrel, and, if I had received a Slap upon one Cheek, would have turn'd the other rather than fhed Blood: Nor was this for Want of
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Courage,

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Courage, for tho' I was not fo mad-headed as to draw my Sword in Defence of what fome Fools call National Glory, yet I did a bolder Thing with my Pen, when I tickled off thole Imps of the Devil, Witches and Warlocks - many an eviley'd old Wife was finged between the Fingers with Brimftone Matches in my Reign-but Tempora mutantur-I'm only laugh'd at here.-Poor Buckingham, as handiome a Fellow as ever was made a Lord-if I had him with me-tho' he led my Son Charley a Wild-Goofe Chace into Spain, and caufed all Europe to make a Jeft of us, it would be fome Comfort; even that poor Rogue Shakespear, who ufed to pun fo curioufly for whole Pages together in my Tafte, and introduced the Weiard Sifters into his Macветн to pleafe me, now barbaroufly confines himfelf to common Senfe, and fays he never believed a Syllable in Witcles ; fo that I have not a Companion worth

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worth a Bole but honeft Joe Miler, who would have been created a Peer had he lived in my Reign. Here, Joe what afleep, Man? Roufe up, and peak for yourfelf." Here he wakened a ludicrous Figure who fat by him, and reprovel Drowfinefs as unbecoming a Wit; "Troth, Jemmy, replies the refer, when there's nothing worth waking for, a Man cannot do better than fleep. I have been fo often tired with laughing at the Difpules of Philosophers, Fellows as thickheaded as a Parcel of Dutch Burgomafers, that I can't be diverted with their formal Nonfenfe any longer; befides, to hear a Couple of Blockheads debate about good Eating and Drinking in fuch a fcurvy Country as this, where there is neither, is jut as ridiculous as for a Frenchman to talk of Liberty; a Spaniard, of Humility; or a German, of Temperance. I remember, continues he, when I was on Earth, one of your grave, wife Fellows $\mathrm{E}_{2}$ plagued

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plagued me over a Pot of Porter fo long, that he obliged me to give him a wicked Wipe; and what do you think I faid, JEMmY? What, fays his Royal Friend, chuckling withExpectation-why, Faith, I e'en told him that his Babble was like a Scots Fiddle, well enough at firft, but damn'd troublefome at laft." This unfortunateSimile drew poor Miller into a Scrape; for JAMEs, tho' hehadenjoy'dthe general Reflections upon other Countries, no fooner heard this Slight upon his own, than, throwing afide his peaceable Difpofition, and encouraged by the known Timidity of Joz, he feized his Victim by the Nofe, declared he had intended to honour him with the Dignity of a Baronet; but now, fays he, receive this Reward of your Infolence; fo, applying his Royal Foot to the paffive Pofteriors of his late Friend, he expelled him the Hall, and went forth himfelf, muttering the Words Scots Fiddle with great Rage and Confufion.

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"Blefs me, cries a delicate Female, ftarting up, what an unpolifhed Wretch that Solomon, as he called himfelf, is ! What Jargon the Creature fpoke! What a Solecifm in good Breeding, to quarrel thus before fo many Ladies of Quality ! And what a hopeful Set of Animals the Englifo muft be by this Sample of their King's! But indeed when I was upon Earth, and in that Paradife called PARis, I have often heard England defcribed as the Seat of Barbarifm. Poor imperfect Imitators of our refined Cuftoms and Fafhions: Tho' they regularly refort to our Capital, and expend princely Fortunes there in Purfuit of Elegance and true Taite, they return to their infular Confines a diverting Mixture of tawdry Glare, forced Spirits, and affected Eafe."
"Truly, Madam Montespan, replies another Female, tho' you had for fome Time your Grande Monarque at ComE 3 mand,

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mand, and from thence may fancy yourfelf a great Woman, I fee no Reafon you have to make fo free with us, and efpecially before me, who was fo well acquainted with your Hiftory.-France, indeed! did not my Hufband Јонn beat your frippery petit Maitres till you became the Derifion of all Europe? Was not he very near expelling the Great Louis from his Paradife of Paris, as you call it? And did not his Name become a Bugbear even to your Children ?"
"As to that, Madam Sarah, fays the Gallic Dame, I am no Politician, therefore won't fay much of the Matter; but, for mere Fighting, poffibly thick Heads and favage Hearts may have an Advan-tage-But you feem, Madam, to hint at my Hiftory, infinuating, I prefume, your own great Modefty in Contraft ; a Point of View, on Examination, not at all advantageous to your Ladyfhip; however,

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I have too much Delicacy to enter upon Particulars of fuch a Nature, and fhall only obferve, Madam, that to yield to the Sollicitations of a powerful and amiable Monarch, was lefs a Crime than to rob a Nation, to impofe upon its Queen, to defraud Merit, and extort Bribes, thereby fixing the indelible Stain of Avarice upon your John's Glory; who, to give your Grace my Opinion freely, for all his Military Prowefs, was but a pitiful Fellow to be the Slave of fuch a Wife."
"He had better be the Slave of a Wife than the Slave of a Madam, like your Paramour, Mrs. Minx, retorts Sarah; and if Heaven bleffed me with the better Head of the two, why fhould not he be conducted by me; but I plainly perceive what low Malice is at the Bottom of this, you and all your Weathercock Country hate me, becaufe my Counfels brought you fo low."

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" Not at all, good Madam, replies her Adverfary, we think ourfelves much obliged to you for undoing all that your Hufband had done: From your Conduct may be derived the four happy laft Years of that Reign which had been fo troublefome to us; fo that if you would but lay down the Virago, and take up the Lacy; foften your Deportment, give gentler Terms, and talk no more of that Phantom Virtue, (which you certainly had as little real Right to claim as myfelf) we might exift here upon tolerable friendly Terms."
" Friendly Terms with fuch a B - ! returns her Antagonift; if I was on Earth again I would give fome Hiftorian Ten Thoufand Pounds to gibbet up your Fame to Pofterity."

Here the Altercation began to rife with fuch Warmth, that in all Probability the Ladies would foon have proved Paffion

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to be inconfiftent with Politenefs, or even Decency, had not SWif t fuppreffed the Flame of Contention by declaring abruptly, with a loud Voice, That if the Devil had any Refidence out of his infernal Regions, it muft be in the Tongues of fcolding Women. People have been angry, continues he, at my Reflections upon the Sex, tho' every Day proves their Failings to ftretch beyond the Power of Satire; no Language but their own envenomed Recriminations being fufficient to give an adequate Idea of them.
"Harkee, Brother Jonathan, replies Rabelais, will you never have done fnarling? There can be no Expectation of a Bifhopric here, therefore you have not Difappointment to crofs you; befides, you are full as great a Perfonage now as Oxford and Bolingbroke, who can no longer amufe you with dabbling in the Froth and Scum of Politics, as they did

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on Earth: What then can be the Reafon of your retaining that cynical Difpofition which conftituted you the moft inhuman Humorift that ever waved a Pen? Your Satire, like a two-edged Sword, cut which ever Side it turned, and your unlimited Ridicule tended to degrade all Humankind: What avails it then to admit your Works to be, in general, a Pattern of Wit, of Humour, of Penetration, of pure and nervous Language, if Juftice obliges us to condemn many of them as deftitute of all Benevolence, and even of common Decency, efpecially wherever you have touched upon the fofter Sex? But indeed you were fufficiently punifhed for this in the other World, by your Houfekeeper's making a Raree-Show of you, when exhaufted Nature had at laft reduced you to a State of Idiotifm-Prithee, Man, take Example from me and my Neighbour Scarron here; laugh rather than rail; ufe Ridicule as a Feather to tickle, not

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as a Scourge to wound; pity where you reprove; neither write nor fpeak from Paffion nor Intereft, and acknowledge a Truth you always feemed unacquainted with, that good Humour is the only true Humour."
" Fine lukewarm Doctrine this, cries Juvenal, as he farted up; a delicate Phrafe that fame good Humour for tenderhearted, courtly Authors, who are afraid to delineate Vice in her full State of Deformity, left polite Readers may be fhock'd-Is this fupporting the impartial Dignity of Satire? Is this the Method for honeft Rectitude to work a Reformation of Manners? Can the Feather of Ridicule take Effect, where Whips of Steel can hardly make an Impreffion? Who that has a Heart touched with true Zeal, who that is not callous to moral Feelings, can cloath his Face with Smiles amidft fuch Provocation as the corrupted State of Na -

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ture throws out on every Side? He that would fight the Caufe of Virtue fuccefsfully, muft not engage her politic Antagonift in the Ear, but purfue and ftab her to the Heart-Dangerous and irrational is it to trifle with inflammatory Diforders, becaufe efficacious Medicines are painful or unpalatable; nothing but confcious Guilt can ftart at the Voice of Satire, however indignant and fevere; therefore no ill Confequence can come of bold Truths and warm Cenfure; in which, and in which only, dwells the true mental Panacea to reftrain pernicious Paffions; to regulate the various Principles of the Mind; and roufe up Reafon to affume and maintain her Empire."

Here Horace, with graceful Mildnefs, check'd the over-heated Zeal of his Countryman, by remarking, That Reafon was never in greater Danger than in Connexion with an enthulialtic Imagination.

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tion. "All thofe who have feen your Productions, Friend Juvenal, continues he, muft allow them great Merit; but at the fame Time lament that ungovernable Rage which flames thro' them; Satire was undoubtedly your Talent; an extenfive Knowledge of Men and Manners, Dignity of Sentiment, and a moft interefting Glow of Expreffion, place you very high in literary Eftimation; but at the fame Time the Eye of Delicacy turns from you overflowed with Tears for the many grofs Ideas which occur in your Productions. There are Vices and Imperfections exitting in our Nature, which cannot be brought within the Limits of agreeable Defcription or ufeful Satire. To rake into Filth is more likely to propagate Vice, and to taint, than purify the Mind of the Reader: It gives a large Majority the Knowledge of what otherwife they would not, and indeed fhould not, know. To live in fuch a Time as you did, muft undoubtedly

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doubtedly fill every fenfible Mind with Indignation; but may there not be Enthufiafm in Satire as well as in Religion? There may moft certainly : This hurried you away, and your Mufe, actuated by the Fervor of a heated Imagination, overleap'd all Bounds. It is but charitable to believe you meant well; that your Fury was neither kindled by Difappointment of your own Expectations, nor proftituted to gratify the malevolent Difpofitions of others; that you wrote from no private or public Prejudice; that you did not oftentatioully defign to infinuate a peculiar Purity of Manners in yourfelf; but really faw, felt, lamented, and therefore rouzed yourfelf to chatize the national Depravity you have fet forth. Viewed in fuch a Light, you will ftand much exculpated; yet even in this Cafe, every benevolent Friend of Learning muft wifh you had been poffeffed of as much Patience to temper your Impetuofity

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efity, as you had Spirit to exprefs your Refentment."

Persius, with that grave Solemnity which is the peculiar Characteriftic of his Writings, was preparing to give his Sentiments as a Party concern'd, when he found himfelf interrupted by the late Mis. Margaret Woffington, who declared, with fome Vehemence, that fuch a Monopoly of Converfation among Males, and upon fuch infipid Subjects, was intolerable; while fo many of the other Sex, equally capable and willing to ufe their Tongues, were obliged to fit filent: " Here, continues fhe, have I been fome Years in this heathenifh Island, and, except fome few occafional Compliments from The. Cibber, I have been no more noticed than a caft Mantua; notwithflanding, I have fome fmall Reafon to believe there are not many prefent more indebted to Nature than my-

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felf." -" True, ftap my Vitals, Peg, returns Theophilus; but we are the oddeft Olio of Mortals here that ever were affem-bled-motley as an Hay-Market Mafquerade, but not half fo polite or entertain-ing.-Smoke what antediluvian Figures thefe old Grefks and Romans are; they may have been wife Fellows and brave Fellows, but they are quite aukward and unpolifh'd, fplit me."
" Ravihing Appearances, indeed, fays the Heroine, and their Women too, what Figures! that GiantefsAndromache,what a Tower fhe has upon her Head! enough to fmother a Dozen Ladies of Delicacy; pofitively, there never was feen fuch another Fright." - "Ah, ma Princeffe, interrupts Cibeer, who faw Hector frown, and trembled at the Confequence, what would I give that we were now captivating the Million, as we have often done, in Lord Fopping ton and Lady Betty; I the Delight

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light of the Women, you the Adoration of the Men." "No more, no more, cries the afflicted $\mathrm{Peg}_{\mathrm{E}}$, with a TragedyTofs; what avails the Philofophy which fome of thefe hideous mufty Fellows have made fuch a Buftle about? They neverknew dear Covent-Garden, nor dearer Drury-Lane; they never mingled with pretty Fellows behind the Scenes, nor diftinguifhed themfelves by Repartees in the Green-Room; they knew not the Manœuvres of Intrigue; the magic Twirlings of a Fan; the polite Exercife of that introductory Organ the Snuff-Box; the graceful Difplay of a white Hand and brilliant Ring; the filent Artillery of the Eyes; the melting Languifh; the diftant Leer; the fpirited Glance; the familiar Nod; the fignificant Wink; and a thoufand other Appurtenances of genteel Life-But all's over, and here I am, poor Devil, infipid and forlorn as an old Maid or a neglected Prude."
VoL. II. F Thefe

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Thefe Words, pronounced with particular Emphafis, and applied with a Sneer to a Female we do not chufe to name, for the Sake of fome living, occafioned a tart Reply to the following Effect :-"You are always more forward in your Applications to me, Mrs. Margaret, than becomes you; the Liberty of this Place gives you an Opportunity of difplaying your Wit, as you think it, upon the Words old Maid and Prude; but I would have you to know they are either of them preferable to a mercenary Trull, that would facrifice her Favours for Intereft: For my Part, I wonder that fuch Creatures can have the Affurance to fet up their Nofes among Women of Modefy and Virtue."
"Modefty and Virtue, replies Margaret ! thofe Words have a very pretty Sound, truly; I have often repeated them when

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when I reprefented romantic, unfafhionable Dames of Antiquity; but I could never find out myfelf, nor learn from any other Perfon, the precife Meaning of them : Many People, I believe, pretend to both, that have neither; and fome who indulge little-fpirited Gallantry, are not fo bad as feveral ftarch'd-up, formal, fanctified Tapeftry Figures, that confine Modefty to fet Features, and Virtue to Licentioufnefs that efcapes Difcovery.But I hate grave Argument mortally; it is as fure a Prologue to the Spleen, as a dull Sermon, or a Stave of Strrnhold and Hopkins; however, I fhould be glad to hear your precife Ladyflhip's Notions of thefe mechanical Accomplifhments you feem to admire fo much."
" My Notions, replies the anonymous Difputant, however juft, will undoubtedly appear ridiculounly mechanical to one fo oppofite in Thought and Action; F 2
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however, Madam, if you ever read $\mathrm{PA}_{\mathrm{A}}$ mela, in her you faw a juft Pattern of our Sex."
" Your Smelling-Bottle, dear The. cries the Theatrical Lady, or I fhall moft certainly faint: Pamela, ha! ha! ha! ha! Hark ye, Harry Fielding; nay, don't hide yourfelf, you old Cuff-you fhall fpeak, and Truth too: You was fuppofed to underftand Characters as well as any Body; what's your Opinion of that fame Mrs. Pam; was there ever yet, or can there be, fuch a one? Come fpeak, nay, 1 won't let you alone."
"Zoons, take Care of my Gout, Peg, roars the cynical Humorift; I have left Magiftracy in the lower World, and yet this curfed Appendage of it ftill cramps my Hands and Feet." "Well, but you have not the Cramp in your Tongue, replies fhe, and fo you fhall fpeak."

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"Shall fpeak, fays the Juftice; why, what the Mifchief have I to do with Women's Difputes? As to Pamela, fhe is indeed a tolerable Picture, a pretty Moppet of Imagination; but we may fay of herLife, as a learned Bifhop did of Jovathan's Gulliver, that the Story was well enough, but muft be a confounded Lye; and that the Book ought to be burnt by a Jury of Females, as Locke's Efay on Human Underfanding was by the Convocation of Oxford, for tending to confufe and minead with impoffible Prin-ciples-For my own Part, the World and its Actors always appeared to me in fo ludicrous a Light, that I chofe rather to become a Philofopher of the laughing, than of the crying Sect; Cowards boafting of Courage; Lawyers, of Honefty; Divines, of Humility; Statefmen, of Patriotifm; Hypocrites, of Religion; and Whores, of Virtue, is Food for Rifibility not to be withftood: Nor was my Enjoy-

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ment felfifh; I drew Scenes from Nature, juft as Experience prefented them to View, and happily made all my Readers laugh with me. In regard of your Difpute at prefent, I neither know nor care much about it. As to Modefty, fhe never was among the Number of my Acquaintance; and for Virtue, if you would receive Inftruction on this Topic, let me recommend you to Joe Addison: But why fhould you debate about the Matter, when you are both of one Way of thinking in the Main? To be worfhipped for an Angel, you, Peg, led the Life of a very Devil; and your pious Antagonift there, under a Veil of Sanctity, gave, by the Help of an Irish Footman, two living Inftances of ber Virtue."

This unpolite Familiarity touch'd both the Females to the Quick; and Patience not being among the Number of their Qualifications, they united againft poor

Harry,

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HARRy, who made a moft vigorous Defence during a warm Altercation; till happening to wifh his Feet at Liberty, that he might apply them with proper Effect, the enraged Viragos fo unmercifully ftamp'd his Chalk-Stone Toes, and fo clawed his magifterial Phiz, that Parson Adams, under the Hands of Slipslop, made not a more rueful Figure. This Fracas put a timely End to the Meeting, for Party began to fhed inflammatory Particles among the Members, and raifed every Voice in Contradiction concerning Right and Wrong. - How far fuch a general Contention might have extended, no one can fay; Cato fided with the Prude, being, as he imagined, a fcandalized Woman of Virtue; Alexander enter'd the Lifts for Roxana, as a Girl of Spirit; Cervantes briftled up to fee his Brother Novellift mauled; and, like his own Quixote, fell on every one that food

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in his Way, while the Friends of Order were enrag'd at fuch Confufion, and efpecially Peter the Great; who declared, That all the Rioters, Male and Female, fhould be kick'd out, and for ever excluded the Toirtazan. The abrupt Adjournment of this Affembly, as well as the Debates of it, bore near Refemblance to the Polish Diet; much Talk, little Matter, great Buftle, and no Bufinefs.
" Well, Sir Humphrey, fays the Namredal, have I not prefented you with a curious Set of Figures, both in Appearance and Difpofition? Matters feldom proceed fo far as they have done at prefent; but there is very little Cordiality at any Time, fo clofe do the darling Opinions and Paffions of Mortals ftick to them even here, notwithftanding there is fome Degree of Punifhment attending every Individual: And were it not, continues

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tinues he, that we Sublunars are entirely fubject to the Noiblan Reftrictions and Decorum, there would be as much violent and uncharitable Contention among us in the Moon as upon Earth." From thefe Remarks, and a more particular Retrofpect of the Scene we had been prefent at, the Namredal drew a Number of moral and focial Inferences, which I would recite at large, only I think them fufficiently obvious; and it is but reafonable that, upon fuch Occafions, every intelligent Reader fhould think for himfelf; therefore, Fellow Traveller, leaving you to fuch Speculation as may appear proper, let us both take our Reft till we are difpofed to begin a new Chapter.

CHAP.

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Soine Account of the Noiblan DramaRemarks on Theatrical Performers-ADdison introduced-The EstralamAn Ode, \&c.

AFTER attending the Toirtazan, nothing worthy Remark occurr'd till the Namredal commanded my Attendance to the Estralam, orTheatre. On our Way thither I took Occafion to inquire, if Theatrical Entertainments in Noibla were fimilar to ours.
"No, fays he; in the Drama here one general Subject is propofed and uniformly purfued, without the Incumbrance of any Epifodical Matter; without Divifion of AIts or Change of Scenes. This Evening Addison entertains us with a new Piece, called Salmina Elengale, the Temple of Virtue. All Citizens are Actors by Turns, which gives them a juft Idea, and a competent Facility of fpeaking

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fpeaking in public with Propriety and Grace. To excell in fuch Exhibitions is rather a Credit than a Blemifh here; indeed the partial Laws and illiberal Prejudices againft Performers in the lower World, have ever appeared to me unaccountable; fince it is certain that, to make any tolerable Figure in fuch a Character, many valuable Qualifications, both intellectual and corporeal, are requifite; Underftanding, to conceive; Senfibility, to exprefs; Grace of Perfon and Eafe of Gefture, to engage and to adorn. As to its being taken up from mercenary Views; if all Ranks of People, except thofe born to independent Fortunes, and even fome of them too, were not actuated by the fame Principle, it might be an Argument of Servility, peculiar and difgraceful; but where Intereft is the univerfal Spring of focial Movement, the very Soul of Action, why fhould they be ftigmatized for obeying the juft and powerful

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erful Voice of honeft Gain? Nay, more, why fhould they be held in Contempt for giving Life and Utterance to thofe Productions which gain the Authors much Eftimation, tho' they write, as the Performers act, for lucrative Purpofes.---I know, continues he, that the Roman Law gave Rife to thefe Prejudices among the English; but with what Propriety? It was made to check the Increafe of degenerate and abandoned Grecians; who, like the prefent effiminated Sons of Italy, were pernicious to a free and warlike People. So far Reftriction would be highly commendable; yet, by the Information of Handel, who fays he never liked them, but in Compliance with the Caprice of Fafhion, Numbers of thofe ufelefs Animals are imported every Year at an immenfe Charge, and maintained at an incredible Expence. To me it is aftonifhing that thofe who ought to be the Protectors of national Tafte and Manners, fhould

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Thould cherifh fuch Vermin, who vitiate even that in which they are imagined to excell ; rendering Harmony as empty and unmeaning as their own Heads."

Being no Friend to the Signiors and Signoras that infeft the Hay-Market, it is probable I fhould have made fome additional Remarks not much in theirFavour, but that my Guide feemed already in Poffeffion of all I could fuggeft; therefore I contented myfelf with obferving, That it was much to be lamented the Opera Subfcription was not converted to the Support of an Academy, under the moft eminent Italian Mafters, to inftruct British Youth in the pleafing and ufeful Arts of Painting and Architecture; from whence the Subfcribers, if poffeffed of any real Tafte, muft enjoy a much more delicate Satisfaction than from hearing beardlefs Heroes rage in the Forté, melt in the Adagio, caper in the Vivace,

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reafon in Recitative, and expire in Semidemi थuavers.

We now reached the Estralam, and the Namredal conducted me to his Box, (which was appropriated to him as Magiftrate, and was the only diftinguifhed Station in the Houfe) capable of containing eight Perfons, and elevated about three Yards above the other Seats, which branch from it on each Side in an amphitheatrical Form, and fill up all the Space to the Stage ; every Perfon is partitioned from his Neighbour, and fo fituated as to be in full View of the Namredal, whofe fuperintending Eye always commands ftrict Decorum.

Inquiring the Reafon of this feemingly unfociable Separation, my obliging Inftructor replied, That upon his Arrival, bating abfolute Riots, the Noiblan Theatre was as liable to Confufion as thofe

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thofe in the nether World; but, fays he, I undertook, and have effected, a Reformation. As no two Perfons fit together, there cannot be any Chattering or Noife to interrupt the Performance; Attention does Juftice both to the Sentiment and Utterance; or, at worft, thofe who cannot relifh inftructive Entertainment, are prevented from interrupting fuch as can: bythis Method alfo each Individual judges for himfelf; ill-timed hafty Criticifms, rifing not from Difcernment but from Paffion, is curb'd; and Opinions are kept in cool Sufpence, till a more proper Time and Place prefents iffelf for comparing them.

I could not but highly applaud this Regulation, nor forbear remarking how it would depopulate our Theatres; where, like Enthufiafts, the moft go along with the Cry of a few noify Fellows that call themelves Critics, whofe whole

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whole Stock of Knowledge confifting in a few mechanical Phrafes of Applaufe or Cenfure, influences nine Tenths of the Audience; while they themfelves are influenced by gratis Admittance, Intimacy with fome of the Performers, or to flatter a handfome Actress and their own Vanity, by fupporting her at any Rate; with Infinuations that fhe is a damn'd fine Woman; and that they have particular Reafons for faying fo. If the Noiblan Cuftom fhould be introduced, what would become of thofe who are wholly employ'd in Remarks upon the Features, Drels, and Deportment of others, all of whom are facrificed to their own manifeft Superiority? What would become of the foft Whifpers and powerful Glances of Intrigue, which fo attractively employ the Belles and Beaus? In fhort, a Playhoufe, fo metamorphofed, muft be, to the Sons and Daughters of true Tafte, almoft as infipid as a Church; and, of Confequence, the

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the Productions of Shakespear or Otway will be as little admired as thofe of Clarke or Tillotson.

While we were in Converfation, the Audience, leaning over their little Partitions, enjoyed themfelves in the fame Manner, till a Bell, ftriking five Times, gave Notice to begin. Here the Namredal prefented me a Tranflation of the Piece to be exhibited, with this Remark, That the Idioms of the Noiblan Language and that of England are fo widely different, that I hould difcover very few of thofe Beauties which probably adorned the Original; therefore, fays he, you are only to regard the general Tendency and the Sentiments, and not to look for the Stile of Addison in the Tranflation: According to the Cuftom that every Author fhall introduce his own Piece, he is approaching, and you will now perceive of what Confequence Prac-
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tice

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tice is to Elocution; for he, who could never utter any Thing declamatory in the other World, having, by Cuftom, caft off that childifh Diffidence, or perhaps irrational Pride, which clofed his Lips there, is now become one of our moft eloquent and moft powerful Speakers.

Here the admired Author of Cato prefented himfelf with placid Dignity, and, according to my Tranflation, delivered the following Profe Prologue, for Verfe is employed folely in thofe Pieces that are fet to Mufic:
"Your Approbation-Oh Noiblans, fo often cordially conferred, muft ever ever warm my Heart with the moft fenfible and delicate Pleafure, Pleafure which nothing can fo foon or effectually communicate as Praife honeftly fought and candidly obtained; it is an undefiled Incenfe that fheds balmy Sweetnefs over the

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the intellectual Feelings; for fo noble an Acquifition Imagination plumes her Pinions to a profitable Flight, and Judgement labours to a laudable End. Among you the Syren Voice of Flattery cannot charm the Ear, nor the gilded Pageantry of Vice allure the Eye; ye are not Camelion Devourers of mere Sound and Show; the intermeddling Monfter, Party, cannot gain Admittance here; nor the Delufive Meteor, Prejudice, lead one Fool aftray-Writers have nothing to influence them but an honeft Ambition of fpotlefs Fame. What is there of Virtue I can offer, which is not known and practifed in this happy Island ? Her celeftial Charms are feen by all in their moft ftriking Luftre, and are by all admired; yet, as Exercife is neceffary to invigorate the corporeal, fo is Contemplation to regulate the mental Syftem; and the oftener we view thofe Beauties, which even the Wicked are forced to honour with their
G 2. Re.pect,

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Refpect, the more fhall we be fired by them to meritorious Purfuits, the more fhall we purify and exalt our Natures.
" Upon thefe Principles I endeavour to remind, not to inform; as in a Mirror I prefent you with the Failings of another World, that you may be the better fatiffied with your own Rectitude, and more fteadily determined to maintain it; for who, that has felt the Power of unblemifh'd Innocence, and the Delight of felfapprov'd Virtue, would ever bend an Eye on the falfe Glare of groffer and inferior Enjoyments? My Defign, in its Nature, and in this View, I dare avow; the Exe: cution muft be referred to your Judgement, in whofe Approbation I glory, and to whofe Cenfure I fubmit."

Here he retired, and I was going to pay him the Tribute of noily Applaufe, according to the Cuftom of our World, not

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not only for what he faid, but alfo for the Manner of Delivery, which was peculiarly graceful; when the Namredal ftopp'd me with this Remark, That the Approbation of public Exhibition is always referr'd to the next Day; that Judgement, uninfluenced by the prefent fudden Agitation of the Paffions, may determine with more Impartiality and Precifion.

Addison had no fooner concluded his introductory Addrefs, than Rich's Pantomimical Genius transform'd the Stagr from a plain Hall to the Perfpective of a delightful Grove; at the Extremity of which appeared a tranfparent Temple, feated upon a craggy Rock of awful Appearance and very difficult Accefs. Within the Veftibule of the Temple fat three graceful Females, reprefenting $\mathrm{W}_{\text {Isdom }}$, Virtue, and Truth; the firf of which Characters my Inftructor told me was perfonated by Elizabeth of England; the
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fecond, by Lucretia of Rome; and the third, by a Virgin of Noibla; for there could not be found among all the Sublunars, one who had not in fome Shape or other offended Truth.

Several peculiar and agreeable Symphonies now ftruck the Ear, Variety of Inftruments being fo difpofed as to echo one another from all Parts of the Grove, in a moft natural and mafterly Manner : Thefe having continued for ten or twelve Minutes, the following $\mathrm{ODE}_{\mathrm{E}}$, in fingle Parts and Chorufes, was performed to great Perfection. As a Specimen of Noiblan Poetry, I give the Original; and, for Sake of Readers who have never traveiled to the Moon, nor ftudied the LunarLanguage, fubjoin the Tranflation.

> Trivenoc Elengal-Sforfan Ronzar, Lanfe nedmel Salmina; Wolul Ryclemen Retmel.

Setrod terefmon Leverep,
Thoumno droffere notpam, Ekor fal negramo Netbram.

Retexot Selawar-Annive Rombu; Calamanza Felquerez, Demrofein Yllipa furoe.

## TRANSLATION.

Thou fpotlefs Regent, Virtue, hail, May Mankind to thy Temple hafte; Hold thou of Fame th' impartial Scale, And give to Reason perfect Tafte.
Let all thy gentle Laws obey,
Thy Laws which perfect Blifs beftow; To Mortals fmooth the thorny Way,

And teach them all they ought to know.
The Di'mond's dimmer Luftre fades Before thy cheering, fun-like Eye, Which gaily gilds Life's darkeft Shades, Bright Source of mental Liberty.

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The Ode being concluded, Virtue opened the Play, or whatever you pleafe to call it, as will appear in the fucceeding Chapter.

## C H A P. IV.

The Temple of Virtue, and various Claraters, exbibited- $A$ Buck, a Generat, a Quack, and a Hufband-bunting Girl introduced.
"HAste Sisters, in whofe kindAffection I find my chief Support, it is not unknown to you what ceafelefs Pains I have taken to gain Profelytes among terreftrial Beings: Humbling myfelf to an almoft unparalleled Degree, I have wooed them to the Promotion of their own Happinefs; yet fo much are they influenced, and for the moft Part overpowered by thofe Bofom Foes, their Paffions, that I have few real, tho' many hypocritical,

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hypocritical, Admirers; Hypocrites fo accomplifhed, that while they give me the fevereft Wounds in private, externally they adore me; I have therefore determined to make a public Trial, and to that End have ordered Fame to give a general Summons, promifing each Individual to grant what he may wifh or want, which I imagine will have a more powerful Effect, and draw more Suppliants, than the bare Attraction of my own native Charms, which all praife, yet few endeavour to poffers."
" The Defign, replies Wisdom, is.undoubtedly juft; for while Appearances are preferred to Reality; while Mortals confult Fancy more than Reafon; Appetite more than Prudence; and Paffion more than Judgment, it is needlefs to hope for many Votaries at the Shrine of this Temple, unlefs drawn hither by Delufion."

Here

Here Truth interpofed, and faid, "She could by no Means agree to Mifreprefentation in any Shape; that unperform'd Promifes were palpable Violations of her Dignity, infufferable Intrufions upon her Prerogative; which is, continues fhe, fo extremely delicate, that the leaft Infringement not only endangers my Power, but even my very Exiftence; witnefs the many Regions and the countlefs Multitudes; whence, tho' they owe the moft perfect Subjection to my Dominion, I am almoft abfolutely exil'd: If once I flack the Reins of Government, and let Tongues go unbridled, thofe who only fport with me at firt, will foon become declared Rebels, lofe all Senfe of Duty, and ever after forn my Controul. For thefe Reafons, in direct Oppofition to a moft injurious Adage, Truth fhould appear like herfelf at all Times, and in all Places, juftly difdaining to be the Tool of falfe Complaifance, or mercenary Views."
" Dear

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" Dear Sifter, returned Wisdom, youcannot have a more fincere or more powerful Advocate than I have ever been; and it is with the utmoft Regret I fee you fuftain fuch Injuries, as all my Love and Influence cannot prevent; yet let me fay that, in the prefent Cafe, you are free from all Danger. Whatever your eldeft Sifter fuggefts, fhe fanctifies; her Views lead to a defirable End; and if the feems to fet you afide, in a general Promife of granting what may be follicited, it is only to eftablifh you more firmly; you fee her Power and yours declines with equal Pace; an Attempt to recover both cannot deferve Cenfure, fince Delufion, if it may be called fo, working to falutary Purpofes, is thereby rendered the Inftrument of Good. I know your nice, timid Nature fhrinks back even at the Shadow of Falfhood; which, however, cannot be more effectually encountered than by its own Weapons; therefore fear not, Wis-

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dom and Virtue will never injure Truth, no more than fhe can injure them."

Here Fame appeared, and acquainted the Goddesses that innumerable Crowds were attending in Confequence of the Summons publifhed; who, if they were admitted promifcuoufly, would create incredible Confufion, and prevent the regular Progrefs of Bufinefs; Virtue therefore ordered that her Gate-Keepers, Perseverance and Integrity, fhould admit but one at a Time; then directing Fame to take Place at her Feet, the firft Suppliant was introduced.

Upon Perufal of his Figure, I found him to be that very curious Animal an Englifb Buck or Blood. With the ill-bred Affurance and confident Familiarity of fuch a brainlefs Creature, he addreffed himfelf in the following abrupt Manner, tho'

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tho' the Place and the Appearances loudly demanded the moft diftant Refpect :
" Rot me, Ladies, I am come here upon a very whimmy Occafion; though, by the Bye, I have had a confounded troublefome Tour, fo I hope I fhan't come of a Fool's Errand-But hold-eh-a pretty Hotel enough this-tho' not fo tafty as the Temples, and Pagodas, and Dragons at Kew neither-but no Matter for that, the Thing's well enough, fo I'll proceed to Bufinefs-Yet ftay-upon my Soul my Head is fo much upon the Tantwivy with the Batch of Burgundy I knock'd off among fome Hearts of Oak laft Night, that I had almoft forgot to afk which of you Ladies is Miftrefs of this Chateau."
"I am, Sir, replies Vir tue; and thefe are my Sifters, Wisdom and Truth." "Humph, fays the Buck, peeping curioully thro' an Eye-Glafs - Virtue -

Wisdom-and-Truth - then, knock me up, I have been moft egregiounly miftaken - I have heard you often mentioned, 'tis true; but, among People of Tafte and Spirit, you are always defcribed as three curfed, ugly, precife old Maids; now, by the Bye, I think if you were a little while among us, you would make farhionable Figures; and if I obtain what I come about, 'tis not Six to Four but I may introduce you to fuch a Set of choice Spirits, that we fhall foon be all of a Piece."
"Your Intention, Sir, returns Virtue, of making us as wife and as happy as yourfelf, is extremely kind; but, before we confider it farther, pleafe to let me know what unfatisfied Wifh you have brought hither ?"
"That you fhall be told immediately, Madam, fays he; I am what the World calls

## [ III ]

calls a likely young Fellow; brifk, airy, full of Spirit; I can fit up fix Nights without yawning thrice, and knock off fix Bottles each Night; Tом Whip, the Fockey, Field-Marfhal of the Turf, owns I ride as well as himfelf; Heelem, the Cocker, fwears no Man makes better Bets; Hoyle I have at my Fingers Ends; then, for Wine and Women, Rochester and Buckingham were but Fools to me."
" Monftrous, cries Truth, interrupting him, I can forbear no longer; this Fellow, tho' fufficiently defpicable, wants to reprefent himfelf ten Times worfe than he really is-let him be driven from our Prefence without farther Audience."
" Sifter, replied Wispom, you are too precipitate, we fhall never gain any Profelytes by fudden and fevere Refolutions; let us hear him out, and then proceed accordingly."
"Well faid, my little Sparkler, cries the Buck, Curfe catch me if thofe roguifh blue Peepers of thine, and thy good Nature, have not made me half in Love with thee-Well, to go on with what we are about; all my Acquaintance allow that I am capable of cutting a capital Figure in Life, yet, for all my Qualifications, I am moft damnably cramp'd by an old Grub of a Fellow, who calls himfelf my Father; he has fcraped and ftarved himfelf into the Poffeffion of $2000 l$. per Ann. never lived like a Gentleman, and, being determined to prevent me from raifing the Credit of the Family, allows me but pitiful Five Hundred a-year; and what's that to a true Soul ? Mere Penury - a paltry humdrum Pittance: Befides, the Cormudgeon taiks about my Extravagance, and mumbles fomething of making a Will, that may put it out of my Power to fell or mortgage after his Death: Now, what I wifh

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is, to have him decently tipp'd off before that happens, the fooner the better; and if you will bring it about, Ladies, why I fhall be extremely your humble Servant, and always make you next Toaft to the Royal Family and the Fockey Club."
"You have ftated your Cafe, rejoins Virtue, in a very clear, tho' unfavourable Light; it is, to be fure, great Pity that fo enterprizing a Difpofition as yours fhould fuffer any Limitation; but I know not how to affift you in this Affair, for your Father is a moft intimate Acquaintance of mine."
"How! interrupts the Blood, is old Square-Toes a Poacher then? And does he keep Tid-Bits unknown to me ?"
"Reftrain your licentious Tongue, fays the Goddefs; his Induftry, Prudence, and moral Life, the very Reverfe of thy fhame-

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ful Diffipation, have recommended him to my Efteem; what has tainted thy Heart with fuch vile Ingratitude as to wifh that Fountain dried, from whofe Current flowed thy Life? Why wifh thofe Eyes clofed that love to look upon thee? And why languifh for unnatural Poffeffion of that, which, granted to thy prefent Difpofition, cannot be a Bleffing, muft be a Curfe ? However, if you will work a thorough Reformation; if you will exchange Extravagance for a prudent Spirit, and affociate with Companions of more deferving Character, I dare promife that your Father will equally fhare every Advantage with you while alive, and leave you in full Poffeffion of his Fortune when he dies."
"Hey Day, hey Day, cries the Suppliant; you preach juft fuch infipid Stuff as fome of our Parfons; l'll tell you what, my grave Madam, if I can't fpend my

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Fortune according to my own Difpofition, I muft be e'en content to wait, and raife Money at Fifty per Cent. till Dad knocks up in the natural Way.-CEconomy and Prudence! ha! ha! ha! ha! I fhould make a very fine Figure indeed with your Ad-vice-fo Miftrefs Virtue, Lady Wisdom, and Mifs Truth, fince you have nothing better to offer, I may as well fhove off without farther Compliment."
" Hold, Friend, cries Justice; with Permiffion of the Goddefs of this Temple I grant thy Wifh; this Moment thy aged Sire lays him down in the Sleep of Death, and thou art now unlimited Ma fter of his Poffeffions; but be affured, ere long, thou wilt have Caufe to wifh him alive again, when the Torrent of thy Vices has borne thee down, and left thee naked on the inhofpitable Shore of Poverty."

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"No Matter for that, fays the overjoyed Heir-a fhort Life and a merry one-now I can have a Match over the Beacon Courfe, or back the Main for Five Hundred, with any Lord of them all."

This fprightly Child of modern Merit was fucceeded by one whofe Appearance had in it a Kind of venerable Terror; a dignified Ferocity. Having made Obeifance to the Throne, he delivered himfelf as follows:
" Moft amiable Goddess of this Temple, unufed as I am to the fmooth Polifh of courtly Language, and fubtle Windings of Infinuation, receive an Addrefs, blunt, yet honeft in its Nature, founded on Sincerity, without Art.
" Know then I am, and have been fince my earlieft Years, a Son of War; many

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many perilous Encounters, many Hardfhips laborioufly toiled thro', and moftly fuccefsful in their Event, have raifed me, by Steps of juft Gradation, to the Degree of a General; in which Situation I have extended my Country's Strength and Glory to incredible Limits, and that with the univerfal Approbation of thofe I have had the Honour to command. Nor have I acted upon interefted Motives; a genuine Thirft of Fame firlt fired me to great Exploits, and has ever been the ruling Principle of all my Actions; had it not, I might have laid me down in the filken Arms of Peace, and reclined upon the Down of Luxury, there to indulge the more ungenerous Paffions in a Life of fhameful Indolence; but, difdaining aught fo foreign to Public Good, and inconfiftent with the Dignity of my Nature, I preferred Temperance to Luxury, Labour to Eafe, and Perils to Safety.

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"Let not this Account be deemed oftentatious Vaunting of my own Merit, fince it is literally juft; and the prefent Occafion requires I fhould offer fome Facts to fupport the Claim I lay to a fair, exalted, and lafting Place in the Records of FAMD, that my Name may be engraved on ever-during Brafs, and not vanifh with the tranfient Breath of popular Applaufe; this granted, I fhall have attained my ultimate Wifh, and think myfelf thoroughly rewarded for all my Toils."

Virtue now took Occafion to obferve, " That tho', in her own Nature, fhe far preferred the Smiles of Peace to the Frowns of War, yet Military Merit was highly deferving in her View; for, continues fhe, what Character is more complicate, more difficult to perfect, than that of a complete General? who muft have Refolution, to face the moft imminent

Hazards;

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Hazards; Humanity, to treat Enemies with Tendernefs; Penetration, to forefee profperous Events; and Caution, to anticipate unfavourable ones: Activity, to cultivate Succefs; Perfeverance, to furmount Difficulties; Sagacity, to project; Experience, to conduct ; and Steadinefs, to execute his Schemes: Patience, to temper Impetuofity; Vigilance, to feize Occafion; Liberality, to engage Regard; Dignity, to fupport Command; Difcipline, to promote Order; and Condefcenfion, to renderSubordination as agreeable to all Ranks as the Nature of the Service will admit : This extenfive Portrait confidered, in which View you place yourfelf before us, moft certainly merits the Diftinction you apply for: What fay you, Sisters, fhall we order Fame to gratify his Wifh?" Wisdom nodded Afent ; but Truth objected as follows:
"Sisters,

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"Sisters, no one can more admire, or would fooner join in the juft Reward of Merit, than mylelf; and it is with fenfible Regret that I find myfelf at prefent under the Neceffity of offering any Thing againft extenfive Defervings; but my Name, my Nature, and my Station in this Temple, all oblige me.
"What this Veteran has advanced in his own Favour generally, I cannot deny; but, as you have already remarked, there are many more Requifites effential to a perfect Child of Fame, than thofe he has fet forth; that he has atchieved feveral great and arduous Exploits, in the fuppofed Service of his Country, I fhall not contradict; but the Glare of ViElory is often the Tinfel Covering of very melancholy Effects to that State it fhines on : That he has preferred a Life of Toil to one of Indolence, I readily admit; but what

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what were his Motives? Patriotifm? -No-a true Patriot will lament the Ne ceffity of War; he always fecretly rejoiced in it, and did his utmoft to promote it. Was he void of Intereft in his Views ?-No-witnefs the Devaftation fpread thro, conquered Countries, by levying enormous Contributions; great Part of which, inftead of fupporting or encouraging the Soldiery, found their Way into his own infatiable Coffers. Has he given Life to Merit?-No-thofe who paid, not thofe who fought beft, he promoted. Did he always avail himfelf of Advantages for the Intereft of his Country? - No-more than once he has taken Bribes of the Enemy, to forego fuch Opportunities as might have been decifive.
"Thefe Things confidered, which he cannot have Hardinefs enough to deny before me; or, if he fhould, would not therefore be the lefs true, tho' they do
not
not entirely exclude him from the Lifts of Fame, yet do they fufficiently fpeak againft the exalted Station he afpires at; therefore, Sisters, with your Concurrence, I fhall order him to be fet down a very Great General, but a very Bad Man."

Virtue and Wisdom entirely agreeing to this Decifion, Fame entered him accordingly; which feemed to chagrin the Son of Mars highly, who went off muttering with great Indignation, "That little better could be expected, when Fe males fat as Judges of heroic Actions."

The next who claimed Audience, was an important Figure with emaciated Features, large Penthoufe Brows, a huge dark Tye, a Suit of Spanish Brown adorned with a Multiplicity of Buttons, a Goldheaded Cane to fupport his meditative Chin, and a peaceable Sword which had

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never quitted its Scabbard: Having paid his Addrefs with truly claffical Formality, this illegitimate Son of Hippocrates, for fuch he appeared to be, fpoke to the following Effect :
"Unacquainted with the Titles and Decorum ufed in this Temple, it is not to be wondered at if I fhould inadvertently run into Solecifms; but a general Profeffion of Refpect will prove, I hope, illuftrious Ladies, a general Exculpation.
"I fand before you an injured Profeffor of Physic; one who has more enriched the Materia Medica than all the Faculty befides; yet that Seat of Ignorance in Warwick-Lane *, jealous of my fuperior Talents, has ftigmatized me with the Title of a Quack, and put my ineftimable Difcoveries upon a Footing with the Sack Drop, the Sweating Powder, and Fiftula Pafte of W ARD-the Valerian, the

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Bardana, and Sage of Hill-nay, with the Viper Drops of Rock, and fuch-like illiterate Pedlars in Medicine ; but fcorning the common Dog-trot Pace of PHysic, I have feverally ftudied English, Scots, Irish, and Welsh Conftitutions; for each of which I may venture to affirm I have difcovered the true Panacea. For the firft, I have my infallible Effence Porteria - for the fecond, Marmalade de Oatmeleana-for the third, Balfamun Potaticum - and for the fourth, Spiritus Leekicus: Now thefe, Ladies, are of my particular, original Invention; yet, tho' I have obtained Patents to recommend them; have advertifed till I can bear the Expence no longer; have wrote, as is ufual in fuch Cafes, Letters of Thanks to myfelf; and have procured Affidavits of extraordinary Cures from more than ever took them; yet all won't do, and for no other Reafon than that I have no Chariot; for you muft know, illuftrious Fair Ones, that

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that much Merit lies in an Equipage, and there is very little Chance, in our Way, without it; therefore if, out of Regard to Mankind, you will affift me with a Carriage and Pair, or, to fecure all, a Carriage and Six, I make no Doubt of obfcuring not only my Contemporaries, but even all my Predeceffors in the Phyfical Way."

Here $\mathrm{W}_{\text {isdom, }}$ who had been fome Time whifpering with Fame, replied, " Friend, the Profeffion of which you pretend to be, is an Object of my particular Regard; and forry I am to find it fo often difgraced, and rendered obnoxious, by ignorant Pretenders; who, with blufhlefs Faces and unfeeling Hearts, augment the Miferies of Fellow-Creatures, to promote their own mercenary Views: Such a one, Fame fays, you are entered in her Note-Book, a Firft-rate

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Man-killer; and therefore, inftead of gratifying your Wifh, we fhall give you into the Keeping of Honefty, that you may do no more Mifchief; in the mean Time confefs yourfelf an Impoftor, or worfe will follow."

Here the trembling Empiric endeavoured to apologize, by obferving, That every one had a Right to try for Bread: " My Father, I muft own, fays he, was a Taylor, and indeed would have brought me up in his own Trade, but my Genius foared higher; fo I ran away, and got to be Sweeper of an Apothecary's Shop (many great Men have rifen from fmall Originals); from thence I attended an itinerant Phyfician for feveral Years, and, feeing fome thrive that knew as little as myfelf, I e'en fet up; but, Ladies, if it is not an honeft Profeffion, I have another at Hand, which I can eafily affume;

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I can give up Hippocrates for Whitefield; Pbyfical Prefcription for Metbodift Preaching, and perhaps be no Lofer."
"Audacious Wretch, cries Truth, dareft thou profefs thyfelf my Enemy in the tendereft Point of my Interefts and Affections, in Religion? Art thou equally ready to prey on the immortal as the mortal Part? There are too many Ver$\min$ of thy Kind wandering about already, to the Subverfion of focial Order and moral Good; therefore it is but juft to prevent thee from adding to the Number, fo we doom thee to perpetual Imprifonment; and I could wifh that every Moral and Phyfical Quack breathing were equally in our Power.'

The difappointed Adventurer was now removed, with much Horror of Countenance, to his Captivity; execrating Ambition, that had made him look on his

Father's

Father's Goofe, Needles, and Sheers in fo contemptible a Light; and regretting the egregious Folly of a Rogue's feeking Preferment in the Temple of Virtue; tho', added he, I have heard Fortune is blind, and I hoped thefe Folks were fo too.

Next, a blooming Girl, of remarkable Vivacity, prefented herfelf, and was going to addrefs the Throne without any Symptoms of Diffidence, when Vir tue anticipated her thus:
"Young Lady, I am glad to fee one of your Age and Appearance come to this Temple; I fhall have a particular Pleafure in fhowing myfelf your Friend, and you cannot any where find fafer or more gentle Protection; but give me Leave to remark and condemn an unbecoming Confidence you feem to be poffeffed of; my Votaries may be free, but I do not chufe them to be forward."

> "Lack-

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" Lack-a-day, Madam, replies the Suppliant, I don't know what you call forward, but all young Ladies of Fafhion are eafy and familiar; and Mamma has often told me that fuch a fine Girl as me, fhould never be bafhful in any Company."
"There it is, fays Wisdom, fine Girls are fpoiled by foolifh Mothers, who are continually trumpeting Beauty in their Ears, without taking any Care of their Principles and Difpofitions; Affectation is taught for Addrefs; Impudence, for Spirit; and Intrigue, for Underftanding. I fuppofe now, Child, continues fhe, this kind Mamma takes Care that your Beauty fhall be ornamented with all the Changes of Fafhion."
"Oh yes, Madam, replies the Favourite, I am always in the very Tip of the Mode, and feldom mifs any public Place except Church; nay, we fometimes go Vol. II. I there

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there too, when we hear of a new-married Couple making their Appearance, to fee what the Bride is dreffed in, and how fhe looks. Now I talk of that, there was Mifs Gauky, a horrid ugly Neighbour of ours, made fuch a Figure-ha! ha! ha! ha! laft Sunday; no Tafte, no Life, but looked as mumchance as if fhe had been a Citizen's Wife thefe feven Years-and her Bridegroom, fuch a Hottentot! with his formal cut Bob, ftiff-topp'd white Gloves, and fuch a Quaker-like Suit, that the whole Gallery were in a conftant Roar.-Well, certainly, to People of Fafhion, fuch Creatures are high Entertainment."
"Very brilliant Notions you feem to have of Life, Mifs, fays Virtue, pray what Age may you be?"
> "Sixteen, Madam, ret'rns thisDaughter of Spirit, tho' I believe they cheat me

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out of a Year or two; indeed Mamma fays I am fit for a Hufband, and, to tell you the Truth, I have thought fo myfelf thefe three Years; but the cl 1 Glumps my Father calls me a light-headed Huffy, as if be could know any Thing of Women's Matters; Mamma often calls him a Fool, and bids him mind his own Affairs; but he will be meddling, and fo, forfooth, I want to get out of his Way. Now, there's a charming, delicate, fweet, fine Gentleman, that fwears he loves me better than Anthony did Cleopatra; that he would, like him, lofe the World for Love, and a thoufand other ravifhing Things: He is an Officer too, and wears Scarlet trimm'd with Gold; and has the fineft Hair, fpeaks French, and dances like an Angel; fo I come here to beg that I may have this delicate Creature for a Hupband, and that old Gruff may give him all my Fortune."

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" There cannot be, fays Virtue, a truer Friend to the Married State than myfelf; 'tis there I find my moft pleafing Refidence, and my moft permanent Joy; but as to many it is a Climate of undifturbed Serenity and true Repofe; fo to others, who unadvifedly and at improper Seafons journey thither, it proves an uncomfortable Seat of Perturbation and continual Storms ; barren of every Comfort, and pregnant with every Ill. More appertains to a prudent Choice than is ufually thought of; Politenefs and a liberal Education are agreeable Qualifications in a Wife; but domeftic CEconomy, which you are too young to know, and Complacence, which good Senfe alone can give, are indifpenfible Requifites to make the Married State happy: But even fuppofe you are poffeffed of thefe, if the Object of your Regard happens to be worthlefs, and you have no Affurance to the contrary, the Profpect muft be gloo-

## [ 133 ]

my; let your Father's Caution direct your Choice, and check that inconfiderate, youthful Impatience, which probably may urge you into a State of long and bitter Repentance."
" What, repent having fuch a charming Man as the Captain, fays Mifs Hotupon't! impoffible ; befides, I know he is to be my Hufband; a very great For-tune-Teller faw him in three CoffeeCups running, and told me his Size, and the Colour of his Hair, as exactly as if he had been in the Room; fo you know I muft have him, it is my Fate: But then I want to have him foon, and I want to have my Fortune too, that he may keep me a grand Equipage, and all the other Appurtenances of a fine Lady."
"Well, fays Virtue, to prevent the ill Confequences which probably may atI 3
tend the Oppofition of your Inclinations, I grant your Wifh; but remember hereafter that your own precipitate Difpofition is the fole Caufe of whatever Inconveniences may enfue."
"Yes, yes, I'll remember, replies the overjoy'd Suppliant; but a Fig for Danger, would not any Girl of true Spirit pleafe ber Eyes, tho' he hould plague ber Heart?-Well, Ladies, I vow I am very much obliged to you, and if you will honour me with your Prefence when I am fettled, at my firft Route, which I intend to make fo grand that ail the World will be there, I'll do every Thing in my Power to return the Obligation."
"A Route, Madam! replies Wisром, if you had been tolerably acquainted with us, you would have known that we are never feen at Routes."

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"Not feen at a Route! cries Mifs, pofitiyely that's ftrange, and plainly fhows you are not much among People of Quality; now, I doat on Perfons of Rank, and when I am married I fhall be one myfelf; fo, dear Ladies, your moft obedient humble Servant."
" A pretty Sample this, fays Wisdom, of a ruined Favourite; who, by the Folly of a Mother, has been nurfed up in Diffipation and Vanity, to the utter Deftruction of a good natural Genius, and an amiable Difpofition; but miftaken Indulgence fo generally prevails, and Parents labour fo much to create artificial Paffions, that this Object, tho' pitiable, is not at all fingular."

But I fee the Chapter is of a fufficient Length, and a Paufe may be as acceptable to the Reader as it is to the Autbor.

C H A P.

## [ 136 ] C H A P. V.

The Temple of Virtue continued - $A$ Dwarf- $A$ Young Wife- $A n$ AuTHOR, and otber Cbarailers introduced.
THE next Suppliant was a Man of very diminutive Size, on whom Deformity had exerted her utmoft Power, prefenting himfelf refpectfully. He remarked, "That he had been unfortunate from his Cradle, defpifed even by his Pa rents, for no Caufe but unavoidable Defects in Perfon: Indeed, continues he, I have derived fome Advantage from my Misfortune, as it has imprinted upon me, and caufed me to purfue, an excellent Maxim of Socrates, who advifes daily Contemplation in a Glafs, that the Beautiful may make their Minds worthy of their Perfons, and that the Deformed may render their Difpofitions an Apology for their Defects: Upon this Plan the whole Tenor of my Conduct has been rather to confult

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confult the Pleafure and Advantage of my Fellow-Creatures, than felfifhly to reap either from their Harm: I have uniformly indulged a rational Sympathy, to weep with the Sorrowful; to laugh with the Gay; and to be ferious with the Grave: Folly, however opulent or titled, has never been the Idol of my Adoration, nor natural Failings the Object of my Cenfure; yet, with a Difpofition to embrace all Mankind, that would, if poffible, diffure univerfal Happinefs, Mankind make me the cruel Return to fet me up as an Object of Ridicule, for no other Reafon but becaufe I am not bleffed with the natural Symmetry of Parts; my humble Petition therefore is, That hereafter I may not be treated with fuch illiberal Cruelty, nor fo often reminded of my unavoidable Misfortune."
"Hard indeed, fays Virtue, is thy Lot, my Son ; yet while all have Eyes,
and but few Judgment, intrinfic Worth will be fubject to the Sneers of Ignorance, where it happens not to be deck'd out in the adventitious and tranfitory Ornaments of Riches or Beauty: Had Alexander been in no greater Sphere than thou art, thofe who deified his Power would have made themfelves merry with his wry Neck; let this lovely Reflection comfort thee, That tho' Nature has denied thee Harmony of Shape, my Sifter Wisdom here has bleffed thee with Delicacy of Thought, and Integrity of Soul. The Infects of Ridicule will buzz, will ftrike their unavailing Stings; but do thou keep thy Courfe, nor ever caft an Eye upon Objects fo much inferior to thee, unlefs to pity the much more material Deformity of their Minds. It is not in the Power of Virtue, Wisdom, and Truth, to prevent the Sarcafms of Malevolence; but we can and will enable thee to bear them without Emotion; de-

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part then, affured of our Favour, which fhall fmooth the rugged Paths of Life; which fhall raife thee above the partial Power of Fortune; and, after Death fhall have diffolved thy perifhable and uncomfortable Frame, fhall embalm thy Memory as a beauteous Pattern for Imitation ; while thofe who indulge their Spleen at thy Expence, fhall moulder forgotten into Duft, no better, no more lovely, than thine."

Here the Suppliant departed with that delicate and perfect Satisfaction, which Virtue alone can give to a Heart poffeffed of proper Feelings.

Another Female approached next, and delivered herfelf thus:
" Ladies, I come to beg your Affiftance in an Affair of great Confequence; you muft know I have been married juft fix

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fix Months; Mr. Struggle, my Hufband, was the tendereft Lover that ever Woman had; and indeed, for the firft three Months, I thought him the beft Hufband in the World; but I have now been told otherwife by my Neighbours, Mrs. Chatwell and Mrs. Telltale."
" How, Madam! fays Virtue, have your Neighbours a better Opportunity of knowing your Hufband than yourfelf?"
"Yes, certainly, replies the difcontented Wife, for they have been married feveral Years, and know the World better than me; befides, now they have put me upon it, I can fee how other People behave ; there's Mr. Chatwell, like a good Soul as he is, gets up in a Morning, dreffes the Children, makes Breakfaft ready, and carries it to Bed to his Wife, who very feldom gets up before Eleven o'Clock, becaufe the is almoft always breeding,

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breeding, poor Woman : Now, though I have declared myfelf pregnant, my rude Bear has never once offered to do fo for me, but bids me ftir nimbly, and fays that Exercife is good for my ConditionThere's a cruel Wretch."
" Truly, fays Wisdom, if this is your chief Complaint you have more Reafon to commend your Hufband, and value him as a Man of Senfe, than to be uneafy."
" Man of Senfe! cries Mrs.Struggle, I don't fee why he fhould have more Senfe than his Neighbours; nor why I fhould not be as well ufed as any other Wife-there's Mr. Telltale does not want Senfe, yet he dares not fay Muff if his Wife begins. The good-natur'd Creature won't help himfelf at Table becaufe fhe fays he's aukward; and never keeps a Penny of Money in his Pocket but what fhe gives him; nay, he won't

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even put on his Sunday Cloaths till he has afk'd her Leave, and fhe may foold the Servants for three Hours together without a Check from him; want what fhe will, go where fhe will, do what fhe will, all's right: Tho', between ourfelves, fhe was but his Houfe-Keeper, and, they fay, no better than fhe fhould have been before Marriage; but fhe's in the Right of it, give the Men an Inch and they'll take an Ell; my Tyrant's a Proof of that; indeed he gives me Liberty to get any Thing I want, in Reafon, as he calls it, nor can I fay he is ever out of Temper; but while other Wives have more Power than me, I am determined never to be eafy; fo what I wifh is, that if a Man of Senfe won't be obedient to his Wife, Mr. Struggle may be made a Fool as faft as poffible."
" That, Madam, is not in our Power, fays Wisdom; befides, if it were, we could not do you a greater Injury than by com-

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complying with your Wifh: The whole of your Uneafinefs, and I believe it is the Cafe of too many, appears to arife from the contemptible Infinuations of $B u / y$ Bodies, whom you feem to confider as Well-wifhers; but what Example of Credit can be derived from fuch as neither confult Reafon nor Decency ? Be affured that every Woman, who invades the Prerogative of her Hufband, works her own Shame as well as his. There are Lines of Rectitude in the Marriage State to mark out and limit the juft Sphere of Action; on either Side to pafs thefe, is to run into Error. Power, as well as all other Poffeffions, ought to be held in an exact Medium; if it be made to preponderate on the Male Side, it is ungenerous; on the Female, prefuming; therefore confider yourfelf as happy, that you are not like thofe Neighbours you feem to envy; depend upon it they do not advife you from Principles of true Regard, but from

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from a Defire of exciting Quarrels; be advifed, and keep the Affection of a good and fenfible Man while you have it ; remember it is a tender Plant, and cannot outlive the frofty Breath of Contention; cherifh it while you have it in full Bloom, nor ever expect to find a Guardian and Protector in one who can wear the Name without the Diguity of a Hufband."
" Well but, fays Mrs. Struggle, if I don't bold $m y$ own, as the Saying is, I fhall be called fo many poor tame Creatures, that I fhan't be able to put my Head abroad."
" Fear not, returns Wisdom, you are juft beginning Life, and 'tis rather unfortunate that you have fallen into the Society of fuch termagant Goffips; but, fince you are come to follicit our Affiftance, I'll take Care to conduct you in a fafe and pleafant Path; not in a State of Sub-

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Subjection, but fympathetic Complacence, which makes the Hymeneal Torch burn bright, and beams perfect Happinefs around thofe Hearts wherein it is cherifhed."

Notwithftanding that the Love of defpoticSway (fo incident to Female Minds, and which had been fo much enflamed in this young Wife, by the Arts of old Practitioners in domeftic Ufurpation) feemed to hold a ftrong Conflict with natural Mildnefs; yet the weighty Remonftrance of Wisdom had fuch an Effect as to fend this Suppliant away, apparently well fatisfied.

The next in Succeffion was a fhabby, pitiful Appearance, yet rendered laughable by a grotefque Air of affumed Confequence, very ill adapted to his Figure; which, if Ridicule is at any Time confiftent with Reafon and Humanity, is cer$\begin{array}{ccc}\text { Vol. II. K } \\ \begin{array}{c}\text { niteruet archlye }\end{array} & \operatorname{tain} \\ \text { duke unverstry }\end{array}$
tainly the faireft Mark that can be fet up for it.

This Son of Poverty, addreffing himfelf, faid-" Moft divine Ladies, more abundant in Beauty than the Sun's Rifing, Setting, or Meridian Rays, I think I may pronounce myfelf a Man of good Defervings, both as to my Abilities and Inclinations; yet, fo it is, that I am often pennylefs, while Knaves and Blockheads of all Sides roll in Plenty. Without Oftentation I may claim Equality, if not Precedence of all my Contemporaries, in the Literary Way; yet, notwithftanding the juft Title I have to National Regard, thro' the Partiality, Ignorance, or Caprice of the World, I have much ado to fubfift, and all for want of what is called a Name; without which the brighteft Talents are neglected, and the greateft Me rit is unprofitable: I come therefore to petition, that, thro' your Favour, Fame may eftablifh

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eftablifh my Character, and at leaft fet me upon a Footing with fome who deferve lefs, yet enjoy more."

Wisdom obferved, in Return, " That fhe and her Sisters ever lamented the Difficulties of Genius; that fhe knew Merit was not always the Parent of Succefs; but, fays fhe, that we may the better judge of your Cafe, let us have fome Account how your Talents have been employed: It is an invariable Maxim with us never to efteem any Author good, who is not alfo incorruptibly boneft."
"If that be the Cafe, fays the Petitioner, how very few can appear in the Lift of your Approbation? Yet fuffer me to hope I may be one; but let the Sketch of fome Part of my Life, which I fhall fubmit to Confideration, fpeak my Claim more at large.

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" My Father, who had been the indigent, laborious Curate of an over-grown Living many Years, wanted Means to place me at the University; however, by his own tender Attention, the Lofs was nearly made up to me: He made me a good Claffical Scholar, laid a folid Foundation of Moral Philofophy; gave me a pure and unprejudiced View of Religion; and fince, to indulge the political Genius of his Parifh, he read the News Paper as conftantly as the Bible, I had an Opportunity of knowing how Matters went in moft Parts of the World; a Branch of Study which, purfued with Moderation, he faid was highly ufeful-He died in my twenty-fifth Year, and left me nothing but my Head to depend upon.
" Launched into Life, Chance firft threw me in the Way of a Noble Lord, who condefcended to retain me as his Secretary; and indeed he very much wanted

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wanted one, being himfelf extremely deficient both in the Matter and Manner of Writing; yet his Propenfity to bufy himfelf in State Affairs, and to make a Buftle in the World, was as great as if his Abilities had been equal to the higheft Station.
" In the Service of this Noble Lord I wrote feveral Political Speecbes and Pampblets, by Means of which, as appeared afterwards, he obtained a confiderable Employment; but finding when he was in Place, that he wanted me to contradick and fallify all I had advanced when he was out, I took the Liberty to remonftrate againft fuch mean Temporizing; which fo irritated his high Blood, that he difmiffed me with no other Reward than the bare Maintenance I had received, and fome unmeaning Promifes of Friendfhip occafionally thrown out while in his Fa mily."

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"I have often heard of that Wretch, fays Wisdom, who, like many other empty, infolent Pretenders, has the matchlefs Affurance to boaft an Intimacy with me; but I have marked him, and fome more of Fortune's fcandalous Favourites, for publicDetection; which fhall leave them no Retreat, but the pitiful Afylum of hereditary Titles."
" Accident, continues our Author, next threw me in the Way of an opulent Country Seuire, whofe Friendfhip I fo much engaged by writing a Song on the Chace, that, in the Zeal of his Heart, he fwore I was, except himfelf, the clevereft Fellow living, and therefore employed me as Tutor for his two Sons: In this Situation I had almoft become a Martyr to his Kindnefs; for Bottles and Punch-Bowls were as feldom off the Table as if the Houfe had been one of public Entertainment.
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" My Pupils I found to be naturally dull, but render'd more fo by the extraordinary Pains the SQuire had taken to make them no wifer than himfelf. In Converfation he ufed to boaft that the eldeft fhould leap a five-barr'd Gate with any Man, or Woman either, for a hundred Guineas; as to the younger, he mark'd him out for a Parfon, having a good Living in his own Gift; for which Reafon, added he, the Lad mult have fome Linguo, and be a Bit of a Scholar; tho' you need not load his Head too much neither, for you know he can get fome poor, wife Fellow of a Curate cheap enough; and if he has a Mind to preach himfelf, why they tell me he can buy very good Sermons for Eighteen Pence or Two Shillings a Dozen.
"By liftening patiently to fuch Kind of Entertainment, and giving him his own Way, he grew fo exceffively fond of me, that

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that he talked of getting me Bifbop'dhis Phrafe for Ordination, and generoufly faid I fhould have Thirty Pounds a-year, befides Bed and Board in the Family, till his Son came of Age; upon Condition, however, that I would not plague them with long Sermons; but make my Difcourfes merry and fhort, with now and then a Bam upon the Court; for fo far, as hating the Adminiffration, be was a patriot too.
" Prefuming to remark the Impropriety, nay, the Scandal, of a Preacher's fubmitting to any Direction but that of Religion and his own Judgment, my polite Patron called me a Fool and a Blockhead; which occafioned a Coolnefs that at length grew into a downright Quarrel, and ended in our Separation; for, getting a fevere Fall a-hunting one Day, and declaring that I would never venture my Neck again upon fo filly an

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Occafion, the Seuire openly declared he would no longer keep fuch a Chickenhearted Son of a B- in his Family."
" By the Defrription you give, fays Virtue, this Seuire muft be that ignorant, infolent Fool of Fortune, who, with brutal Heart, has fo often affaulted me in the Perfons of innocent Country Girls: Well was it to efcape from fuch a Monfter, whofe fhameful Practices muft either give continual Pain to an honeft Mind, or, by the dangerous Force of Example, bring his Affociates into his own contemptible and abandoned State. Thus far, my Son, thou haft highly merited our Favour; proceed, and if thou haft uniformly purfued the fame Track, thou maylt be affured of our Affiftance."
" After thofe already mentioned, refumes the Suppliant, I met with a large Variety of Characters, too tedious to enu-

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merate ; let it then fuffice to fay, that from feveral I might have pick'd up a comfortable Livelihood, could my Nature have proftituted itfelf to their Follies and Vices; but having always confidered a venal Pen as the moft dangerous Weapon in Nature, I could not be prevailed upon to fatirize boneft Men, nor deify Brutes. From this invariable Adherence to what I think right, a worthy Bookseller, who has ufher'd fome of my beft Pieces, unfuccefsfully, into the World, fays I derive my Poverty, and that I muft take fome popular Step to procure a Name before I can hope for even a tolerable Subfiftence. This is the Motive of my Sollicitation, and I fubmit the Cafe, with all Deference, to your Candor."

Truth having confirm'd every Articie of his Relation, Virtue again applauded his Integrity, and at the fame Time commiferated

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miferated his Situation in moft pathetic Terms. "Whatever may be the Event of thy Endeavours, continues fhe, for it is very doubtful whether we can command Succefs in thy Favour, I will promife to fill thy Mind with a confcious Satisfaction, a true Harmony, which the undeferving Favourites of Fortune may languifh for in vain. I am very intimate with Content, who will, upon my Interceffion, fuit thy Wifhes to thy Poffeffions: If to this FAME, who fhall exert herfelf in thy Favour, can add agreeable Circumftances, we fhall all rejoice. Go then, adhere to thy Integrity, however unprofitable; be affured it will afford thee the moft lafting Satisfaction, the moft uninterrupted Serenity of Mind, and give thee Happinefs, which I only have the Power to beftow."

The honeft Author was retiring with much Pleafure in his Countenance, when Wisdom

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Wisdom delivered herfelf to this Effect:
" Hold, Friend, fome Words with you before you depart, and don't think that what I am about to offer is meant to pain, but to ferve you; that you have Genius, I know; that your Succefs is far beneath your Merit, I lament; and that your Integrity has been inviolate, I allow. I am your Friend, and fure Friendfhip is never fhown to more Advantage than in kind Reproofs; hear me then while I point out to you thofe Circumftances in which I think you erroneous.
"Doft thou not know that all Pride, and particularly Self-fufficiency, is utterly irreconcileable to my Dictates? That, by ftriving to magnify thy real Abilities, in Effect they are diminifhed? To afpire to a Superiority over thy Contemporaries, is commendable; to determine, to boaft of,

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or even to hint at fuch a Superiority thyfelf, is weak. Another Error I think thee liable to, is an obftinate Adherence to thy own Opinion, which thou takeft to be Integrity; this has occafioned thee to contradict and run counter to the $\mathrm{Ge}-$ nerality of Mankind, who may be led by Perfuafion, but not driven by Brow-beating: He who would inftruct the World and live by it, muft feldom appeal to Severity, but in every honeft Way muft humour human Nature; till, like heated Wax, it becomes fit to receive a due Impreffion. For want of preferving the Golden Mean between fervile Compliance and dogmatical Oppofition, thy Succefs has not been equal to what it might have been; wherefore, that the friendly Endeavours of Fame may be more effectual, let me recommend it to thee rather to refemble the pliant Willow, than the ftubborn Oak. Chufe to wind about rather than knock down; that is, change

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Self-fufficience for Humility, and Contradiction for Perfuafion; comply with fome of the Whims, that you may the more powerfully combat the Vices of the Age; correct with Smiles; then even the real Objects of Satire will fuffer with Patience, and all Mankind will become thy Friends."

This mild Rebuke, temper'd with fuch falutary and friendly Hints, feemed to have a very fenfible Effect upon our AuTHOR; who, promifing ftrictly to obferve the Admonitions, immediately retired."

Here the Temple was fuddenly difturbed with a confufed Noife of-I will come in-But you Jban't come in-Confider my Rank and 2uality-Carry it to Cour T, it won't do bere-and fuch-like Altercation; at length a very portly Figure, with a moft ponderous Wig, rufhed forwards, Honesty holding him faft by the Collar.

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The Son of Law, for fuch he appeared to be, was going to open his Cafe at large, and in due Form, when Honesty ftopp'd his Mouth; however, with much ftruggling, he mumbled out a Complaint, That, as Plaintiff, he had a Right to fpeak firf-No, no, replies his enrag'd Antagonift, we'll have no Plaintiff nor Defendant here; as you have fo often kick'd me out of Westminster Hall, I'll take Care to kick you out of the Temple of Virtue, whither nothing but the matchlefs Impudence of a Pettifogger could have brought you. This Refolution was immediately put in effectual Execution, to the no fmall Amurement of Virtue, Wisdom, and Truth, all of whom had long known him for a declared Enemy.

During this concife Scuffle a Number of Characters preffed in, each eager to petition firft; but ftill one interrupted the other-

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other-You come bere! cries one Female to her Neighbour, I wonder you are not afhamed to Sbow yourfelf, when there are fo many fubftantial Proofs that you never regarded Virtue-And what then, Madam Methodist, retorts the Accufed, Ibave no Body to care for, no Body to anfwer to, but my elf; I don't make a Cloak of ReLigion and a Husband to cuver dark Deeds; I don't pray, and Sing Hymns for an Hour or two, then cheat, tattle, and lye with a fanctified Pbiz all the reft of the Day, as fome of my pious Neigbbours do.-This Encounter of two able Tongues promifed to be not only fharp but of confiderable Duration, had not a tefty old Fellow fnarled outPhbaw, p/baw, bere's Work with a Couple of babbling, goffiping Huffies, that chatter away as if precious. Time was only made for them to wafte; but $I$, who know EEconomy better, and want to be in the Alley, can't wait triffing bere; 1 muft be difpatched immedi-atel)-You dijpatcloed, old Turnpenny, cries

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a young Smart-notbing but Sixpenny worth of Heirp Jhould difpatch fucb a Grub as you. What can you polfibly afk bere? A Fellow, who, in the Midfi of Abundance, farves bimfelf and bis Family, and over-reaches all be bas any Dealings witb-Aye, retorts the UsUrer, and if it comes to that, whbat brings you bere, Gracelefs? A prodigal Wretch, that fquanders away bis plentiful Fortune in Follies and Vices. Well, replies the Smart, and what then, old Multiplication, I make the World the better' for me, while you rob Mankind, and, as far as you bave Power, ftop the necelfary Circulation; a few more fuch Scrapers would occafion a national Confumption.-This Altercation, like the former, promifed to extend a confiderable Length; but that the impatient Crowd grew fo vociferous, and recriminated againft each other with fuch uncharitable and indecent Violence, that Virtue, Wisdom, and Truth, not being able to bear the Anarchy, afcended Vol. II.

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thro' the Roof of the Temple; upon which the whole Edifice, and its rocky Foundation, falling with a mighty Crafh, overwhelmed the iniquitous Crowd in one juft and general Ruin.

After the Temple of Virtue, which concluded with this Incident, we were entertained with a petit Piece, called the Europeans*, written by Bolingbroke; which, according to the Tranflation, with the Characters, and who reprefented them, you will meet with in the fucceeding Chapter.

* The Reader is defired to remark that this, like the 'Temple of Virtue, being only a Tranflation, cannot be expected to have the Spirit of an Original.

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Containing the Several Scenes of the Europeans.
Persons in the Europeans.
Baron Swizzle. 7 (Handel.
MynheerVanderberring. $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered}3 \\ 3\end{gathered}\right.$ Dewitt. Marquis de Capriole. Lewis XIV. Don Imperiofo.
Signor Feminiani. Philip II. Senefino. Sir Stedfaft Hatebribe. J亏 Lord Ruffel.*

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\text { Liberty. } \\
\text { Property. }
\end{array}\right\}\left\{\begin{array}{l}
\text { Queen Elizabeth. } \\
\text { Afro Debs. }
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The Piece commenced with a Scene between Liberty and Property, as follows: Lib. T JELL, Property, am I not in a mort troublefome Situation, fo many Admirers, and fo few Friends?

Prop. A very fad one, indeed, Madam; and I , your Handmaid, am in little better; no poor Creature was ever fo bandied

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\mathrm{L}_{2} \text { about; }
$$ * Who was beheaded in James the Second's Reign.

about; fome affault me with Force, fome with Fraud; fome poffefs me with as little Regard as they have for their Wives; others love fo intolerably that I can never have any Connexion with you; fome venture their Necks, fome their Souls; in fhort, I am the univerfal Game, and hunted in every Corner of the World.

Lib. Very true, Child, we are both in a moft precarious Situation; you, indeed, are to be met, in full Health and Beauty, at fome Times, and in particular Places; but it is a Matter of very great Doubt whether I have at prefent, or ever had, any real Exiftence upon the Face of the Earth.

Prop. Oh yes, Madam, among the Greeks and Romans you made a very great Figure.

Lib. I know it has been faid fo, but the Matter will admit of much Doubt;

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[165 \text { ] }
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my Nature is extremely nice, and my Compofition elufive; there are two Monfters frequently miftaken for me, Luxury and Licentiounnefs.

Prop. What Family are they of, I pray?
Lib. Very near Relations of your own; the former moft immediately derived from Monarchy or Arifocracy; the latter, from Democracy.

Prop. But how can fuch deform'd Monfters, Madam, poffibly impofe upon Mankind ?

Lib. Merely thro' the Blindnefs and Prejudice of their own Paffions; luxurious Enjoyments lull the Great, and Licentioufnefs pleafes the Vulgar; the former know no Good beyond the Appendages of Grandeur, and the latter imagine themfelves fully poffeffed of me, $L_{3}$ when

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when they have unlimited Opportunitieš of abufing their Superiors.

Prop. Pray then, Madam, that I may never miftake you, give me fome fuch Out-lines as may preferve me from Delufion; for without you I muft be in a very dangerous State.

Lib. Your Obfervation is juft, and your Requeft reafonable, therefore I thall fatiffy you in as few Words as poffible: If you ever meet with a Nation where the upper Clafs ftudy to protect and encourage the lower; where the Great fill Offices of Government for Public Good alone, without any pecuniary Profit; and where their Dependents gratefully conform to legal Regulations, not from Fear of Punifhment, but from Conviction that Obedience is neceffary to the general Happinefs; where Teachers of Religion ftudy to regulate the Morals, and

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not to trammel the Reafon of theirFlocks; where the Military Genius is cultivated not to ferve ambitious Views, but to prevent foreign Invafion; and where Practitioners in Law prefer Juftice to Gain; there you may be fure to find me.

Prop. Truly, by this Defcription, and the Obfervations I have made, you may be long fought after in vain-Ah, Madam, I could wifh never to be feparated from you; I am always fafeft under your Protection; therefore I humbly requeft that, if you fix upon any of the SuITors, who are this Day to follicit your Favour, you will caft an Eye upon your faithful humble Servant.

Lib. Doubt not my Friendfhip, Property; I thall be always glad to retain you in my Service; tho', between ourfelves, you often attach yourfelf very unworthily; however, you fhall be prefent, and I give

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give you full Authority to fay what you can in your own Favour, without the leaft Referve.

Prop. That, Madam, is as much as I can poffibly expect-Soft, here comes a Vifiter.

Baron Swizzle.
Bar. Madam, the Imperial Eagle cow'ring at your Feet, by me follicits your honourable Alliance.

Lib. Ere you receive my. Anfwer you muft acquaint me, Sir , with thofe national Qualities which authorize this Addrefs.

Bar. Is it poffible your Ladyihip can be unacqainted with the many and glorious Claims Germania has to yourFavour?

Lib. Even fo, Sir, for I never remember to have been in that Country.

Bar.

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Bar. Amazing! we are all extremely intimate with your Name, and I thought, Madam, you had been very frequently amongft us.

Lib. You are quite miftaken, I affure you; it often happens that thofe who talk of me moft know me leaft; but let me hear the Pretenfions of your Embaffy, and I fhall give you an undifguifed Anfwer.

Bar. Pretenfions, Madam, our Pretenfions lie in the moft brilliant Military Fame, in which we outfhine all theWorld; in the Perfon of our Imperial Parent, who prefides to hold a political Equilibrium among the feveral States; and in that Noble Diet which takes Cognizance of all public Grievances, and rectifies them: Add to thefe the many invincible Heroes who have fought, who have bled,

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who have conquered, who have died in Defence of your Ladyfhip's Charms.

Prop. Ah, Madam, don't believe a Syllable this Fellow fays; for my Part, the wildeft Indians cannot attack me in a more barbarous Manner than his Countrymen.

Lib. Fear not, Child, fair Pictures cannot deceive me; to anfwer regularly, Sir, I muft take Notice that Military Fame, as it is purfued in your Clime, ftands forth my greateft Enemy; your Imperial Parent, as you ftile him, is an ineffectual Pageant of Power, not able to fupport me, tho' inclined to do fo; for every petty Prince, when he can link himfelf with any other, from whom he may derive Affiftance, fears not to oppofe him: The Diet, or National Affembly, you boaft, may now and then compromize fome

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fome trivial Difputes; but does it form a conftant Barrier between Opprefion and fuffering Induftry? You cannot fay fo: And as to thofe Heroes who have bled in my Defence, according to your Report, it is an errant Miftake; Fighting, among yourCountrymen, is a Trade; your Sovereign Princes are many of them fo poor, that younger Sons muft be fent into the Field of War for Maintenance, and a great Part of their indigent Subjects muft become Soldiers for the fame Reafon: This dreadful Situation of Things makes it neceffary in every Court to hold Cabals, which may promote Action, that your mercenary Troops may be taken into Pay, and let loofe to plunder their Neighbours. Can you then call fuch as thefe my Defenders? However brave, however wife, however perfevering, fuch Inftruments difgrace rather than fupport the Name of Liberty; therefore, inftead of venturing myfelf into fo inho-
inhofpitable a Seat of Depredation, I fhall advife even my moft diftant Friends to have no Connexions with a thanklefs People, who know no Friendifhip beyond the immediate Call of Intereft.

Bar. Madam, as Reprefentative of the illuftrious Germanic Body, I muft be bold to fay that you fpeak in Terms unworthy your own Delicacy and our Importance ; therefore, unlefs you chufe to think better of it, I fhall publifh a Manifefto of the Indignity received, and doubt not but our Allies will affift to enforce Reafon.

Lib. Spoke with the true overbearing Spirit of your Country, the ultima ratio Regum; but think not I am to be intimidated by Threats, or gained by Force; both are fo repugnant to my Nature, that the very Mention of them removes me far from the Poffeffion of fuch Knight Errants

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Errants as wooe in Thunder, and robe themfelves with Blood.

Bar. This is the firt Time I ever knew that the Sons of Valour could be difagreeable to a Lady.

Lib. Nor would they, Sir, were Valour only fhewn in a juft Caufe.

Bar. Well, Madam, I am forry it has been my Fortune to come upon fo unfuccefsful an Embaffy; however, take Notice, that whoever is favour'd with your Smiles, may chance to lament the Slights I have received.

Prop. Oh, Madam, I am rejoiced he's gone; the rough Bear threw me into a horrid Palpitation left he fhould have been downright rude.

Lib. Of that there was no Danger, for even my greateft Enemies preferve an external

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external Refpect-Oh, here comes ano-ther-You, Sir, are the Dutch Plenipo, I prefume?

## Vanderberring.

Van. YourLadyfhip's Difcernment cannot err; by me the United Provinces offer their Refpects: It is well known that they fhook off the Spanilb Yoke out of an inviolable Attachment to you, and from thence we originally lay Claim to your Patronage.

Lib. And fo far, Mynheer, your Right is well founded; to difdain and caft off Oppreffion is the higheft Merit in my Sight; but has your future Conduct kept Pace with fuch a glorious Beginning?

Van. Madam, I hope it has; we have never fuffered Monarchy to creep upon us; indeed the Stadtholdership feems to bear Superority; but we have always taken Care to cramp it fo, that, upon due Exa-

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Examination, it will be found little more than a Name: Add to this our unbounded Spirit of Trade, our national GEconomy, and that certain Confequence of both, our aftonifhing Opulence: With whom then can Liberiy find a more pleafing Refidence?

Prop. Aye, Madam, this Gentleman talks to the Purpofe; I may venture to recommend him and his Countrymen as very particular Friends of mine.

Lib. I know that Recommendation, and fhall confider it with the reft.

Prop. Ply her clofe, and I warrant you, Mynheer. (Afide.)

Lib. At the Time of fhaking off the Spanish Yoke, my Spirit animated the Caufe; I was amongt you; and in the Support of Republican Principles you have

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have fhewn yourfelves my Profelytes; but, avoiding Scylla, you have fallen into Charibdis; you are not Slaves to Power but Avarice; Gain is the Tyrant that lords it over your Hearts, and directs all your Actions; how can you be free that are fo fwallowed up in the Gulph of private Property, as to render your State ufelefs to Friends, and defpicable to Foes? Individuals are opulent; the Government poor, irrefolute, and diftracted with Diffention. Temporizing and Evafion are your Policy; Encroachment and Monopoly, your Aim; Profeffions without Performance, your Practice. How then could I propofe to myfelf a Refidence of Pleafure or of Safety among thofe who, by every Method, are accumulating private Wealth to allure their ambitious Neighbours, and have no public Spirit to fecure Refpect: In a Country which is indebted to a neighbouring Island for its Independence, and which could never have

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have fupported itfelf in the Midft of many envious Enemies, but through the continued Protection of fo powerful an Ally? which, notwithftanding, they have treated with fuch Ingratitude, that I fhould prove myfelf guilty of a Weaknefs little fhort of Self-deftruction, to rely upon any Promifes from you that were not bound with Gold.

Prop. Now, Mynheer, for a genteel Come-off, the Dutch are famous that Way. (Afide.)

Van. Pardon me, Madam, if I prefume to fay that the Charge of Ingratitude to our Infular Friends is rather premature; they certainly have our good Wifhes, and they want no more; they are fufficient in themfelves to fupport the Neceffities of their State; why then fhould we run ourfelves into Difficulties and Perils to give them Affiftance? Your Ladyfhip cannot Vol. II. M but

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but know that Self-defence is the moft powerfulObligation; That, duly fulfilled, we fhall be always ready to affift our very good Friends the English.

Prop. Well faid, Sir, that will do. (Afide.)
$L i b$. I am not to learn, Mynheer, that Plaufibility is a Characteriftic of your Country; but tho' you may plead, that to grant your Friends Affiftance is unneceffary, pray how do you apologize for being fo induftrious to furnifh their Enemies with Materials offenfive and defenfive?

Van. As to that, Madam, we make no Difference; Trade will ever follow the beft Market; and as Trade is our Support, it is natural enough to carry Merchandize where it will have the quickeft Sale, without any unfriendly Meaning: Befides, Madam, we fhould

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not be placed entirely on the Debtor Side; pray, did not we do you and England very fignal Service in fending over our Prince of Orange to refcue you from Popifh Tyranny?

Lib. Had that been a national Piece of Friendfhip, it would have cancell'd many Faults; but your Countrymen wanted to get Wilifam out of the Way, who was too great and good not to have many Enemies, tho' he preferved your State from Ruin; and the Prince was as deftrows of leaving a thanklefs People, who always cramp'd his Operations, and trove to fully his Fame; hence the happy Revolution in my Favour appears, with refpect to you, rather the Child of Chance than of Friendship.

Ven. Are you then determined to reject my Solicitation?

Lib. Moet certainly.

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Van. Why then it is in vain to multiply Words and lofe Time; look you, Madam, we have hitherto been able to make the lower Clafs of People believe you refided conftantly amongft us, which anfwers the fame End as if you was really on the Spot; nay, to my Thinking, much better; for you feem to have fuch confcientious Scruples about Friendfhip, and Gratitude, and public Spirit, that I think you would be a very troublefome Gueft, fo e'en fix where you will for Vanderberring: Hollander's know better than to prefer Shadows to Subftance, fo farewell.

Prop. I profefs, Madam, I cannot help thinking you too fcrupulous.
$L i b$. There it is; like the Generality of Females, you are prejudiced in Favour of the moft affiduous Lovers, tho' the Affection of fuch is feldom found or permanent; but I muft be more cautious, for

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a voluntary Surrender on my Side would bring Ruin upon all my Friends; your Cafe is different, becaufe being entirely valued for your Influence, where that prevails moft you will naturally like to be.

Prop. Very true; but I like your Ladyfhip's Service fo much, that I could wifh never to leave it.
$L i b$. Your Defire is reafonable, but vain; the Nature of human Affairs will not fuffer us to be often or long together, left we fhould too firmly fix the Power of my poor unfettled Sifter Happiness.

Prop. If that be the Cafe, Madamfoft, I'm interrupted.

## Marquis de Capriole.

Marq. Madam, I'm thrice three Times your Ladyfhip's moft obedient and devoted humble Servant; the Brilliancy of

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your angelic Charms muft counterwork your Name and Nature, and captivate all Beholders.

Lib. Your Country, Monfieur Marquis, is a Soil fruitful in Compliments.

Marq. Right, Madam, Politenefs is the Characteriftic of France; a Country famous alfo for every great and amiable Qualification.

Lib. True, Sir, if we take your Opinion of the Matter.

Marq. My Opinion! Your Ladyfhip cannot but know the Truth of my Affertion from inconteftible Evidence; why, Is not ours the leading Language in $E u$ rope? Do not our Fafhions regulate the general Taite, and are we not a Terror to all the furrounding States ?

Lib. If you call this latter Influence worthy or amiable, I am yet to learn the true

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true Meaning of thofe Terms; and let me tell you, that the Influence of your Language and Fafhions is more owing to a ridiculous and fervile Complaifance in other Nations, than to any real Worth in themfelves.

Marq. Pofitively your Ladyfhip differs widely from all the polite Female World, which muft be owing to fome Prejudice; but, to remove the Cloud from before your bright Eyes, let me invite you to that fecond Eden, Versailles; where Beauty meets with higher Regard and more Adoration than on any other earthly Spot.

Lib. What Beauty, my Lord?-The Beauty of falfe Appearances? How is it poffible that I, who always fhow my own Face, and fpeak juft as I think, fhould make a tolerable Figure where all the Females wear mafquerade Faces, and all the Men fallacious Hearts?

Marq.

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Marq. Thefe Matters, Madam, you take merely from Report; Experience, no Doubt, would foften this moft unfavourable Profpect-'Tis true our Ladies, from a Defire to pleafe, and confcious that Nature is liable to a precipitate Decay, do apply external Ornament; and certainly, where Features want Bloom to enliven, or White to render them delicate, Reafon allows Art to be commendable.

Lib. By the fame Rule, Sir, Reafon might place Affection upon a beautified Moppet: This ftrong Attachment to artificial Charms, fhows that your very polite Nation pays little Regard to intrinfic Worth, and feldom looks fo far as the Heart, where only real Beauty is to be found; for which Reafon we view your Females, in general, as we do Buildings of gaudy, outward Show, without any Marks of Tafte, Convenience, or Richnefs within.

Marq.

Marq. Well, Madam, fuppofe this fhould be the Cafe, (which, however, I cannot be unnatural enough to admit) your Appearance muft be with the greater Eclat; and tho' you fhould be envied by the Women, you are fure of being fole Arbitrefs among the Men.

Lib. Then I muft not come near the Court, for there dwell my moft inveterate Enemies; look ye, my Lord, Flattery, the ufual Female Bait, won't do here; Opennefs of Expreffion and Sincerity of Heart are much ftronger Recommendations to me; you are, it muft be allowed, a plaufible People, prodigal in Profeffion, penurious in Performance; placid in Looks, defigning in Action; fond of Military Fame, regardlefs of honefty: Your Court is a Fountain of Diffimulation, which fpreads Infection thro' all Ranks of People; the Root of Oppreffion, which floots forth Branches thro' each Department

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ment of Government; and a Magazine of Combuftion to fet the World on Fire ; how then can you have the Affurance to folicit my Prefence? You fay Prejudice mifleads me; 'tis falfe, I have vifited your Country incog. feveral Times, and have wept Tears of Blood over the enflaved Millions I faw there; I did but peep abroad in the Perfon of Henry IV. and a Ravilliac was foon found to ftab me; fince then I have ventured occafionally into your Parliaments; but each fucceeding Grand Monarque has watched fo clofe, and fo affiduounly compaffed my Deftruction, that common Prudence forbids me even to enter into fo hoftile a Climate.

Marq. I dare fay, Madam, our prefent Grand Monarque, were you to enter upon a Negotiation, would fhow himfelf much lefs your Enemy than you imagine.

Lib. Aye, there it is; your Succefs in Negotiations has been fo extraordinary at

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different Times, that you would lead me into the Road of Impofition; but I am prepared againft all the Powers of Infinuation, being very well affured that French Fidelity has but an imaginary Exiftence, and that thofe who have leaft De pendence upon it are moft likely to remain in Safety; befides, my Lord, had you been at all acquainted with me, you muft have known that my Nature and Conftitution are diametrically oppofite to the overbearing Power of any Monarch upon Earth; it is an Abfurdity to imagine I fhould coop myfelf within the Limits of one Man's Will.

Marq. Your Ladyfhip here again, pardon my Freedom, confiders the Matter in a partial Light; where can you fhare Power or Royal Favour to more Advantage than in an Union with the French Monarch, who can caft never-dying

Laurels at your Feet, and grace your Brows with Beams of unrivall'd Glory.
$L i b$. Thefe, Sir, are Ornaments of trifling Value to Liberty, who difdains all the oftentatious Gifts of arbitrary Power; who has no true Enjoyment but in the undiftinguifhed Happinefs of a whole People; in the mild and impartial Diftribution of neceffary Laws; and in the tendereft Impofition of indifpenfible Taxes; as thefe Points cannot be hoped for in a political Conftitution like yours, it is, I fay again, vain and abfurd to defire my Prefence.

Marq. Give me Leave, Madam, to remark, that, when I undertook this, Embaffy, I expected more Refpect to my Country, and the dignified Character of its Reprefentative ; but your fecret Attachment to a certain Island is well known, and, like other Female Follies, may beget Repentance; while Gallic

Power

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Power and Fame, unincumber'd with thofe dark and heavy Prejudices which feem to govern you, fhall tower beyond your Reach, and foar to Immortality.

Lib. Ha! Monfieur the Marquis has dropp'd his cool philofophical Politenefs.

Prop. No Wonder, Madam, for you anatomized his frippery Nation pretty feverely; and Diffimulation detected, among French Politicians, always turns to Rbodomontade.

Lib. No Female, fure, was ever tormented with fuch Suitors.

Prop. Nor any Suitors, Madam, better match'd in a peremptory Miftrefs; Soothing and Threats, Smiles and Frowns, feem all alike to you.

Lib. Seem! nay, they really are fo, I affure you; yet, for all this, I could wifh myfelf

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myfelf in an agreeable and permanent $\mathrm{St}-$ tuation.

Prop. And I too, Madam; well, who knows, one of thofe to come may poffibly deferve your Favour.
$L i b$. If that fhould be the Cafe, depend upon it I fhall not be over nice in my Choice, nor too rigid in the Articles of Settlement-Oh, here comes the formal Spaniard, confident in his own vaft Importance.

## Don Imperiofo.

Don Imp. It is with Pleafure, Madam, I approach you as the Reprefentative of Spain; Pleafure founded upon probable Affurance that you, who have had Difcernment and Prudence to reject the indigent German, the avaricious Hollander, and the fantaftic Gaul, will liften with Condefcenfion to my fuperior Claim.

Lib.

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Lib. No Doubt, my Lord, an Audience is as much your Right as that of any who came before you, and you may expect an equal Impartiality.

Don Imp. On that I fhall reft Succefs: ' $T$ is not unknown to your Ladyfhip that our Nation laboured fome Ages under the Difgrace and Hardfhip of Moori/h Captivity; yet, at a Time when we feemed loft beyond Redemption, an inextinguifhable Regard for you roufed our great Forefathers from their flavifh Lethargy, fo enflamed their Hearts, and fo nerved their Arms, that a total Extirpation of the Infidels enfued, Iberia once again fhining like herfelf.

Lib. My Lord, I remember the great Event with particular Satisfaction, as it is my peculiar Nature to wifh every Nation the full Poffeffion of its natural Rights, and an Exemption from all foreign and domeftic Oppreffion.

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Don Imp. Truly great and amiable; no Place on Earth, but that Nation I reprefent, can do Juftice to fuch exalted Worth; let me then, Madam, lead you thither, and lay the amazing Treafures of both Indies at your Feet.

Lib. Alas! vain Man, were there no other Objection, what thou haft now mentioned as an Inducement would alone deter me-The Indies! I turn my Eyes on them with Horror-You mentioned the Moorifb Captivity as an Hardfhip; did they, though branded with the Name of Infidels, fo wantonly and cruelly ufe the Iron Rod of Power amongtt you as your Forefathers did among the unpractifed, unfufpecting Indians? Did they in cold Blood, with fair Faces too, cut off Thoufands for the Sake of curfed Gold? What Right had your Difcoverers, driven by Chance among the unhappy Mexicans and Peruvians, to meditate

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ditate and profecute their Deftruction? Providence had given them their Country as a natural Inheritance, what Privilege had your Cortes and Pizzarro rapaciounly to deprive them of it? Superior Power fhould have taught you Mercy: If you had more Wifdom you fhould have pitied their Weaknefs, and not impofed upon it; you fhould have taught them Commerce, and not inftructed them in the Arts of Inhumanity and Plunder; their Right to Life and Independence is as inconteftible, and ought to be held as facred, as that of the moft polifhed Nations; and nothing but the moft illiberal Partiality could ftigmatize them as Barbarians for afferting thofe Rights, and refenting the Infringement of them.

Don Imp. But, Madam, in the Caufe of Religion we cannot be too warm.

Lib. Religion! what Religion? The Christian? Mildnefs and Perfuafion Vol. II.

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are the Means the ufes, and the only Means fhe juftifies; but you, with Intereft to infpire your Zeal, array'd her in Frowns and Terrors; even your own internal Policy exhibits her with the moft gloomy Afpect; Pride, Oftentation, Indolence, and Enthufiafm are the reigning Characteriftics through all Degrees of People, which render my Refidence among you utterly impracticable.

Don Imp. But, Madam, if you are to be received on the moft friendly Terms, and to hold equal State with the higheft Ranks in our antient Kingdom, fome Defects may be overlooked.
$L i b$. Farther Solicitation is in vain ; I cannot be happy at the Expence of others, nor felfifhly enjoy the Smiles of Comfort, when Wretchednefs appears on every Side.

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Don Imp. Wretchednefs, Madam! Happinefs and Mifery take their Rife from Comparifon; thofe who have neverknown better are content with the humbleft Enjoyments of Life; artificial Paffions, both in a national Capacity and a domeftic one, are created by an improper Indulgence; this our political Conftitution prevents, by maintaining a juft Subordination, from whence only can be derived the effential Refpect to ennobled Characters.

Lib. Aye, there, my Lord, you have faid the whole; your Nobility fuppofing themfelves to be made of fuperior Materials, confider the lower Ranks as mere Utenfils for the Support of their Pride and Convenience. This Kind of Subordination I pronounce Slavery, nor will I ever come where Priefts tread upon the King, and the King upon the Nobles, and the Nobles trample the People underfoot.

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Don Imp. Madam, 'tis well; but take Notice that Obftinacy may bring late Repentance; you have been treated with Refpect and Cordiality; fince thefe will not prevail, united to my Coufin France by a Family Сомpact, we fhall, I doubt not, reduce your Ladyfhip to Terms lefs advantageous than you might have obtained by mild Negotiation.

Prop. Oh, dear Madam, I tremble to think of this Spaniard's becoming your Enemy, you know what a vindictive People they are.

Lib. I know them well, they never were my Friends; therefore I have loft nothing, nor will I fear their becoming Tools to their ambitious Neighbours, which mutt be the whole Effect of their Family Compact; a Defign more likely to do me Good than Harm, unlefs all other States fhould become totally indifferent, or blind to their own Welfare.

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There are certain Bounds in political Connexions, to pafs which creates Envy and Danger; fuch, if I miftake not, their Combination will prove.

## Signior Feminiani.

Fem. I efteem myfelf happy, Madam, in being appointed the Inftrument of Mediation between your Ladyfhip and Italy the Bleffed; a Clime moft favoured by Providence in the Temperature of its various Seafons; a Nation fo improved by Art, fo beautified by Tafte, and fo enriched by Elegance, that Travellers view us with Amazement.

Lib. 'Tis true, Signior, but the Admiration and Regard of moft Travellers are not bent upon Places and Things of greateft Confideration, real Value cannot be determined by their Paffions.

Fem. Suppofe not, Madam, yet undoubtedly Rome and its adjacent Coun$\mathrm{N}_{3}$ tries

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tries have commanded Refpect thro' the Annals of many Ages.

Lib. Once, I admit, the Inhabitants of your Country defervedly found an exalted Place in the Records of Fame; but the former Luftre ftrikes a Shade from the prefent degenerate Sons of Rome; who, with flavifh Ignorance, fubmit to the abfurd Dominion of a proud Churchman, and his Council of full-gorg'd Ecclefiaftics, who fupport Religion by Oftentation and temporal Authority, not by Scripture or Reafon; who themfelves hold faft the Goods of this World, while they delude their unhappy Flock with fhadowy Promifes; or terrify them with impious Threats, in regard of a future Exiftence, as if the Supreme Director had referved no Power to himfelf, but the mere Ratification of their Abjolutions or Anatbemas: No more then mention what Rome was, feeing how changed fhe is, and how miferably fallen.

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Fem. This is a Point, Madam, we are taught never to difculs too nicely, the Confequence is dangerous.
$L i b$. And therein are ye the greateft of all Slaves; why were fuch noble Faculties implanted in the human Mind, if not to confider and digeft whatever relates to its Dignity and Intereft? Why has the Universal Parent made it free, if Man ufurps the Power of tyrannizing over it; but as I know the Stubbornnefs of rooted Prejudices, I fhall enlarge no farther upon this Topic; and befides thefe I have many other Objections to reliding amongft you.

Fem. Is it pofible, Madam, that you fhould dinike a Country where the Elegance and Dignity of Architefture commands Attention, and imparts the moft elevated Pleafure; where Canvas, glowing with the mafterly Labours of fo many excellent Artifts, calls up, alternately, every

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Paffion of the human Heart; and where Mufic's powerful Voice, in Strains little fhort of celeftial Harmony, raifes the enchanted Soul to the Abodes of Blifs.

Lib. There, Sir, as agreeable and wonderfulEfforts of human Genius, I admire; and would always, under the Influence of Reafon, cultivate them with Care; but muft at the fame Time confider them only asOrnaments, not Effentials of Humanity. Wisdom and Virtue, the true Beautifiers of the Nature and the Life of Man, are very feldom found amongft you; you fubflitute that poor Phantom Taste for the folid Principles of Morality ; you are not only Slaves to your Superiors, but Slaves to your own Paffions; your licentious Effeminacy renders you contemptible, and yourentire Devotion toExternals, worthlefs; return then, and know that Liberty difdains the Friendfhip of thofe who worfhip Shadows for Subftances;

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and either do not know, or will not regard, the intrinfic Worth of a well-governed and well-cultivated Mind.

Fem. O rude and Gotbic Notion of Things! truly, if your Ladyfhip is of this Way of Thinking, you are too rough, too untractable for the Delicacy of our Soutbern Climes; and it will be much more agreeable to report your Anfwer, however ungenteel, than to introduce fo great an Enemy to the polite Arts.

Prop. What, the fmooth and gay Italian gone alfo; at this Rate, Madam, I do not find that any Suitor is like to win your Efteem.

Lib. There is but another, how he may recommend himfelf, I know not yet; here he comes, and feems to carry fome Prepoffeffion in his Appearance.

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## Sir Stedfaft Hatebribe.

Sir Sted. Madam, my plain Manner of Addrefs, without any Affiftance from external Ornament or Equipage, may appear ill adapted to the Occafion; but, in my Mind, Refpect fhows itfelf to more Advantage without fuch flimzy oftentatious Appendages; I am, I hope, an honeft Englishman, and in that exalted Character prefer my Solicitations.

Lib. You could not have named one more agreeable. Pray, Sir, of what Family are you ?

Sir Sted. A Family, Madam, but little known, and not very numerous, that of the Hatebribes.

Lib. Are you of that valuable Stock ? It is a Name I know and honour.

- Sir Sted. So I hope, for we have always been moft inviolably attached to your Lady-

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Ladyfhip; that implacable Enemy of yours, Corruption, has taken great Pains to win us over; Proteus never tried a greater Variety of Shapes; fometimes like a Lord of the Treafury, and then as one of Trade; a Secretary of State, or of War; a Commifioner of the Cuffoms, or of the Excije; a Bifoop, or a fudge; a General, or a Penfioner; yet all in vain: We have always fpoken as we thought, and done as we faid; we never bent the fawning Knee to Power; nor facrificed the Intereft of our Fellow-Subjects to promote ou: own : Indeed we have often ftruggled to no Purpofe; but if you, Madam, would fix your conftant Refidence amongt us, the Glory of Britain muft fhine with unrivalled Luftre, and our Happinefs furpafs that of any other Nation upon Earth.

Lib. I agree in your Opinion, and no Perfon can have a more friendly Inclination towards Britain than myfelf; it is a Country where, tho' I have at different

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Times met with fome ill Ufage, many fteady Friends have exerted themfelves in my Caufe, and my Caftle of Magna Cbarta has always proved a fafe Retreat; yet 'tis true there are many Circumftances in the Political Conftitution very unpromifing to my Happinefs, if not totally inconfiftent with it.

Sir Sted. I am fenfible, Madam, of too many Defects; however, if you will make me acquainted with thofe you confider as moft offenfive, I will reprefent them to your Well-wifhers, and no doubt they will ufe all honeft Endeavours to rectify them.
$L i b$. So will they merit and obtain my Favour: To enumerate all the Particulars which give me Pain, would fwell the Catalogue to a tedious Length; let it fuffice to fay, that I feel a particular Grief at the enormous Multiplicity of Laws, which rather tend to obfcure than difpenfe Juftice; a Multiplicity which feems to
fay

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fay that your Parliaments have been ftudious to eftablifh and promote a Trade, or aProfeffion which derives its chief Advantage from inextricable Principles; and furnifhes fo many evafive Windings to a crafty and litigious Adverfary, that Honefty, whether purfuing him or retiring from him, can fcarce work its Way thro' the dangerous Labyrinth, unlefs Wealth becomes its Guide.

Sir Sted. Truly, Madam, I have often lamented this Cafe myfelf; but, by Ne glect and Accumulation, our Laws are become an Augean Stable, in which nothing lefs than an Herculean Reformer could accomplifh the neceffary Change.

Lib. I fear it would require an Hercules indeed, while there are fo many interefted Defenders of their prefent State; yet I will not defpair, a truly independent Senate would be truly patriotic; and to fuch a Body the framing ufeful Laws, and enforcing a due Execution

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of them, muff be the firft and moot interefting Point of Consideration.

Sir Sted. The Friends of your Ladyflip would undoubtedly act upon fuck Principles; but I am forry to reflect that, while fo many Placemen are chofen Reprofentatives of the People, Government and its Dependencies mut have a prejudicial Influence.
$L i b$. That Complaint, I know, is general and jut; yet an eafy Remedy lies in the Power of thole who complain: It has been proposed to obtain an $A C E$, which might exclude Servants of the Governmont from Places in the National Affemfly; but how can fuch a Law be hoped for, while there conftitute the Majority in that Affembly; nay, why fhould it be fought for, when a much eafier and more effectual Remedy is in the Hands of the Electors?

Sir Sted. That, Madam, I fhould be glad to know.

Lib.

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Lib. Your Principles intitle you to know every Thing which tends to the Good of your Country. Let every Place then which deputes a Reprefentative, at the Time of Election exact a Promife, upon Honour, that the Perfon chofen flould not, on any Pretence whatever, accept a Place or Penfion. If it were porfible that fuch a Reprefentative could afterwards violate his Integrity, a Law now exifting would vacate his Seat, and his Conftiruents would have an undeniable Argument for rejecting a Perfon fo void of Truth and Honour.

Sir Sted. The Practicability, as well as general Ufe of this Hint, Madam, ftrikes me; but then it faid that, without fome Profeffors to inftruct our Law-givers in the different Branches of political Knowledge, the Senate muft ever be imperfect.

Lib. Not at all, a Military Council might be appointed to prepare all Mat-
ters relative to the Army, for Parliamentary Ratification; another for the Navy; and fo on through all the other Departments of public Affairs. Befides, the Arifocratic Influence in your Government is hateful to me: Your Peers, not content with forcing all their Sons and Relations into the Lower Houfe, point out other Perfons to be chofen by the People; and, in the Character of Landlords, Lords of Manors, E ${ }^{\circ}$ c. proceed even to compel Electors into Compliance with their Recommendation, by threatening to deprive Dependents and Tenants of their Bread, who refufe to proftitute their Votes to them; and all this in direct Oppofition to that effential Law of the Conftitution, that a Peer is by no Means to enter into, or influence, the Election of a Member of the Commons. I am not, as fome have mifreprefented me, an Enthufiaft; but this unfufferable Intrufion overbears all Patience.

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Sir Sted. No Wonder, Madam, as from this our Conftitution and your Intereft are likely to receive the moft dangerous Wound.
$L i b$. Nor does my Uneafinefs ftop here: No one can refpect Royal Prerogative more than I do, fo far as it fheds real Dignity upon the Monarch; which Effect it cannot have, unlefs the Nation's Happinefs is included in it. The Power of proroguing Parliaments appears to me in the Light of a dangerous and cenfurable Privilege; a Prince fhould undoubtedly have the Power of fummoning the National Council upon any Emergency; but its Recefs from public Bufinefs, and its ftated Times of Meeting, fhould lie in the Determination of its own Members : Had that been the Cafe, Charles the First would not have had the unhappy Privilege of enraging his Subjects, and of ruining himfelf; nor, under fuch a Regulation, could any Statesman, confcious of Crimes and Vol. II., rachive O Dufe unvess Mif-

Mifdemeanors, fo eafily frame the Means to fcreen himfelf from public Refentment: You will find that every blundering or corrupt Minister, whofe Infamy is immortalized in Hiftory, has taken Advantage of this Privilege in the $\mathrm{Prince}^{\text {rince }}$ to gain Time for his Defence and Security.

Sir Sted. Even fo, Madam; and we have another pretty Afylum too for fuch hunted Foxes when they are almoft run down, the Shelter of Nobility with a Penfion; but I dare fay your Friendfhip and Perfeverance, granted to the Solicitation of unbiaffed Friends, together with their difinterefted Attention, will in Time remedy fome, if not remove all the Grievances that have been mentioned.
$L i b$. So glorious a Profpect, joined to my natural Affection for Britain, fires me; nor fhall fome unavoidable Infults deter me from giving you my Hand in Friendfhip; my Companion Property

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too ihall attend my Steps, and, if there fhould not be Knaves or Fools enough to banifh us, it is in our Power to create you Refpect abroad and Happinefs at home.

Sir Sted. Madam, I glory more in obtaining this Condefcenfion, than if I had been cover'd with Laurels gather'd from the Conqueft of a World; I am happy in reflecting that, when I lead you to my Country as a Friend, I give her the greateft Blefling fhe can enjoy.

Prop. Madam, I give your Ladyfhip Joy of fo prudent and agreeable a Choice.
$L i b$. I hope it may prove fo in its lateft and moft remote Effects; come then, my Friend and Companion, let us proceed without Fear or Sufpicion, fince we cannot have a better Guardian nor a fafer Guide than an uncorrupt and uncorruptible Briton.
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Here ended the Europeans; a Piece formed upon general Hints, and therefore better calculated to fet the Mind at Work upon the feveral Subjects, than periectly to gratify it.

The Audience feparated, and the Volume ends: There remains no Room for the Criticifms that paffed between the Namredal, Queen Elizabeth, Shakespear, and Sir Humphrey, upon the Dramatic Action of Noibla, which gave Occafion to many Strictures upon that of our World.-Much curious Matter alfo, of various Nature, is left untold, and many Kingdoms of the Moon are yet unvifited; if you like your Journey, my Fellow-Travellers, when the Seafon for renewing our Expedition returns again, I fhall not fail to meet you; and in the mean Time I heartily wifh you all the Good you wifh yourfelves.

> The End of the Second Volume.


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